EXPIRATION OF LEASE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" LTD.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

On and after January 1st, 1913, all communications to be addressed to the New Premises, Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle.

THE Bombay Gazette

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" IS *THE OLDEST AND BEST DAILY PAPER IN WESTERN INDIA.*

No. 55,864—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6090	MOOLTAN	10300
8th "	CHINA	8300		
15th "	SALSETTE	6 00	MALOJA	12500
22nd "	EGYPT	8030		
1st March	MOREA	11030		
8th "	PERSIA	8040		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
22nd "	†ARCADIA	7000		
22nd "	MANTUA	11 00		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8300		
12th "	MOLDAVIA	10000		
19th "	MALOJA	12500		
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000		
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	12500
17th "	PERSIA	8000		

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,010 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH 1913, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE.	RETURN.
	"A" rate. "B" rate.	"A" rate. "B" rate.
To Marseilles Rs. 594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or	Rs. 742-8
To London " 627 or " 528	" 940-8 or	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM, Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna	5255	A. Muzio	15th Feb. 1913.
Sicilia	5229	D. Maggazini	15th Mar. 1913.
Sardegna	5255	A. Muzio	15th April 1913.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class.
Single Ticket from, Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690 Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	4195	A. de Amezaga	8th Feb. 1913.
Ischia	4059	G. Belsito	16th Mar. 1913.
Capri	4195	A. de Amezaga	16th April 1913.

SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs. 70.

Subject to alterations for further particulars apply to

G. FERRERO, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ CANAL AND PORT SAID.

THESE Steamers afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four berthed cabin amidships, for first-class passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and an experienced Stewardess.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umona	5,500	12th February, 1913.
Umtata	3,500	24th February, 1913.
Umzumbi	5,030	22nd April, 1913.

Fares to Weymouth, Rs. 400 to Rs. 440.

Steamer marked (a) also carries 2nd class passengers, the fare to Weymouth being Rs. 275.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via
Kola	1205	Thurs. 30th Jan.	9 a.m. †	C.M. Dwarka
Dwarka	1695	Friday 31st Jan.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.
Lioga	2185	Mon. 3rd Feb.	11 a.m.*	P.D. & C.M.

† Cutch Mandvie.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Kola", 1205 tons, on Thursday, 30th Jan., calling at Muscat, Busaire, and Mohomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Barjora", 3,164 tons, on Thursday, 30th January, calling at Veraval, Maugrol, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Manomeran and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA

(Fortnightly).

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Lindula	3353	Thursday, 6th February.
*Pentakota	3413	" 20th "
†Pundua	3305	" 6th March.

†Calls at Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A steamer on or about 1st February.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents,

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

29th January, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Sydney	4120	Rat	12th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142	Cazal	12th Mar. 1913.
Australien	6385	Costa	9th April 1913.
Caledonien	4120	Melber	7th May 1913.
Dumbea	5685	Sellier	4th June 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	" 891	743	405
To London (single)	" 660	528	270
Do. (return)	" 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's steamers at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST BY TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,

Albert Building, Horaby Road, Bombay. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

THE following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	7th Feb. 1913.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

*Elysia	6363	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th March "
Olympia	5124	J. Klinnaird	23rd " "
*Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R	10th April "
Scindia	5105	Wm. Kelso	22nd " "
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	5th May "
*Elysia	6388	J. Coverley	15th " "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	" 445	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 573	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 593	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., AGENTS, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000

PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000

RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accorted does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,

BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up..... Gold $ 3,250,000,00

Reserve Fund ..... " " 3,250,000,00

Undivided Profits..... " " 558,288,69

LONDON OFFICE: 36 Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which intrest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,00 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT, Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE, 42-43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000

RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, Londons.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.

CAPITAL PAID UP .....Rs. 10,00,000.

RESERVED FUND .....Rs. 25,419-8-0.

HEAD OFFICE:

7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Calcutta, Cawapore, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat and 'Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

JAFFER JOOSAB, Manager.

DACTYLIOMANCY.

When the art of writing was unknown, it was commonly the custom for men to wear rings on which some distinguishing sign was engraved so that by using it as a seal, the owner would give proof of authenticity to letters or other documents. About the fifteenth or sixteenth centuries, signet rings engraved with a badge or trade mark were much used by merchants, and the ring itself was often sent by a trusty bearer as the proof of the genuineness of a bill of demand. The celebrated ring given to Essex by Queen Elizabeth was meant to be used for a similar purpose. For the purpose of this advertisement, however we are interested in and ask for your interest in the rings in use to-day. Rings creating social concern, pleasures, happiness, such as Engagement and Marriage Rings, and the wearing of rings which foretell future events and in which also it is possible to discover secrets undisclosed by speech.

A ring, worn on the forefinger of the right hand, indicates a haughty bold and overbearing spirit.

A ring on the long finger of the same hand, prudence, dignity and discretion.

A ring on the third finger of the right hand, the bestowal of very strong love and affection.

On the little finger a masterful spirit.

If a ring is worn on the forefinger of the left hand it indicates that the lady or gentleman is willing to marry.

A ring worn on the long finger of the left hand is a sign that the lady or gentleman is engaged.

The third finger is the marriage finger the giving and wearing of a ringe being a sign that the giver has endowed the person who received it with all the power he himself possesses, and the woman who has the ring could issue commands as her husband, and is in every way his representative.

If a lady or gentleman has no desire to marry, a ring is worn on the little finger of the left hand.

Jewelled Rings also contain sentiments which read by means of the first letter of the stones with which they are set as

Lapis lazuli, Opal, Vorde antique, Emerald, Marcasite Emerald,
Diamond Emerald, Amethyst Ruby, Emerald Sapphire Topaz.
Thumb Rings were worn in the fourteenth to seventeenth centuries.

Falstaff boasts that in his youth he was slender enough to creep into any Alderman's ring. The thumbs have always, however, been considered by Philosophers as being too busy to set apart for the purpose of any honour in dactyliomancy.

FOR

JEWELLED FINGER RINGS IN EVERY FANCY

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

RETAIL AGENTS FOR BOMBAY:

MESSRS. F. M. CHINOY & CO., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS | SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY | LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KARACHI.

THE PERIL OF THE ORIENT.

The abiding peril of the orient is FEVER and its attendant dangers.
At the first sign of FEVER, AGUE, or INFLUENZA,
take Batliwala's Ague Mixture or Pills,
Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobiesitch, etc., in a day, Ans. 4 each.

Of all dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,

WORLI, LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

FOR LIST No. 26.

CABLE "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN, CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments, received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.

HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock. Soft shell Almonds and Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Chestnuts and Malaca Raisins, and Greek Figs.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—(Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS.

CHURCH GATE STREET.

Telephone No. 325. Telegram.—MONGINI, Bombay.

OAKES' MADRAS CHEROOTS

Are recognised as the standards of excellence: They are hand-made, and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

		Per 100 RS.	A.
Orientals, 5"—Boxed	100	3	8
United Service, 6" "	50	7	0
Vishnus (Longs) 5" "	100	3	14
Vishnus (Shorts) 3½" "	100	2	12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd.,

Post Box 24, MADRAS.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs, James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35 Marine Lines, Bombay.

100 GOLD WATCHES FREE.

MARVELLOUS OFFER!—If you want one, write to us without delay. With your letter send us Rs. 2-8-0, M. O., for which we will forward you a nice Case containing "Nonpariel Dentols" (an excellent Tooth Powder), together with our offer. After you receive the beautiful Watch, we shall expect you to show it to your friends and call their attention to this advertisement. The watch is sent free by registered post on your complying with our Advertisement and with the marvellous offer which we will send. The Watch is solid real Gold, Keyless, Jewelled, Strong Mechanism, Lady's size, very handsome, reliable Timekeeper and warranted for 5 years. Orders not executed by V. P. P. Packing and postage extra.

MAPIT BROS., Ferozepur, Punjab.

CANVAS

DAVID CORSAR & SONS

BEST FLAX CANVAS

For full particulars apply:—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,

BANK STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

EXPIRATION OF LEASE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the office of the "Bombay Gazette," Ltd., is REMOVED to Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle, where all communications from this date should be addressed.

By Order,
ROBERT HILL,
General Manager and Secretary.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE beg to announce to our numerous Customers and the Public in General that, for better accommodation, we have REMOVED from 20 Esplanade Road, to 117-125 ESPLANADE ROAD, at the entrance of Meadow Street, where our business will be carried on from this day.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
CIGARETTE MANUFACTURERS, GENERAL TOBACCONISTS.
IMPORTERS OF GREEK WINES AND BRANDIES.
117-125, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE REGISTERED OFFICE of the above Company has been REMOVED, THIS DAY, from Old Telephone Building, No. 19, Bank Street, Fort, to No. 9, GREEN STREET, Fort.

Bombay, 28th January, 1913.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the estate and effects of PASOOPOOLATY RAMANGUNHA NARAINSWAMY alias DORASWAMY GOPALSWAMY, a Hindu inhabitant, a General Merchant, and Commission Agent, without a fixed place of residence temporarily residing at Nagpur, in the Central Provinces, a married man, Deceased.

PASOOPOOLATY LUTCHMIPATTY NARAINSWAMY, son of the said PASOOPOOLATY RAMANGUNHA NARAINSWAMY alias DORASWAMY GOPALSWAMY, deceased, of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, a Wine and General Merchant, at present residing at Anantwadi without the Fort of Bombay..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this sixteenth day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in the third year of our Reign.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 16th day of January, 1913.

Messrs. FORBES & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

AN EXAMINATION will be HELD at the Postmaster-General's Office, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th February, 1913, at 10 A.M., for twenty appointments, as probationers in the European and Eurasian portion of the signalling establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department in the Bombay Circle. Candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 20, and applications accompanied by certificates of Birth and Good Conduct in original, must be made on or before SATURDAY, the 15th February, 1913, to the Postmaster-General Telegraph Traffic Branch, Bombay, who will furnish full particulars regarding the subjects for examination and pay and prospects of Telegraphists in the Department. Probationers will receive an allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem, while under training, and after passing a satisfactory examination, will be appointed as Telegraphists.

H. M. FFINCH,
For Postmaster-General,
Telegraph Traffic Branch,
Bombay.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation, will be held at the Office by the Corporation, No. 3, Wallace Street, on WEDNESDAY, 5th February, 1913, at 4 P.M. (ST.), for the following purposes:

(1). To receive and consider the report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the year ending 31st May last.
(2). To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(3). To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
(4). To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers

Bombay, 21st January, 1913.

IN accordance with Section 108 of the Article of Association, the BOOKS of the above Corporation are OPEN for the inspection of the Shareholders at the Office of the Corporation.

WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS AT DELHI.
KING, KING & Co., 1, Kashmir Gate.

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary, Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ld., Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :-
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-NIGHT,

Victor Hugo's

IMMORTAL MASTERPIECE.

LES MISERABLES

First of Four Epochs in Two Parts.

THE SLEEPING-CAR MAN

WIFFLES IN THE LEADING ROLE.

THE EXCELSIOR.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, at 10 P.M.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD and LADY SYDENHAM.

The proceeds of the Entertainment

WILL BE

In aid of the General work of the

SALVATION ARMY.

LES MISERABLES

FIRST EPOCH.

THE SLEEPING-CAR MAN.

PRICES AS USUAL.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.

(BOMBAY AUXILIARY.)

The CENTENARY MEETING of the Auxiliary will be held in the TOWN HALL on February 3rd, 1913, at 6 P.M.

(Selections on Organ by Dr. Falkner from 5-30.)

Addresses will be given by the Rev. R. F. Horton, D.D., London, and the Rev. Canon Heywood, Secretary, C.M.S., BOMBAY.

Chairman:—The Rev. Mackichan, D.D., LL.D., President of the Auxiliary.

Dr. Edgar Faulkner, Organist, Bombay Cathedral, has very kindly consented to preside at the Organ.

MASONIC BALL

TO BE HELD IN THE

TOWN HALL,

On MONDAY, 17th February, 1913,

Under the distinguished patronage of the

Grand Master, A. S. F. I. Most Wor. Bro. The Hon'ble F. C. O. Braman, I. C. S., and the District Grand Master, Bombay, Right Wor. Bro. W. A. Haig-Brown, J. P.

Surplus of Funds to be devoted to Charity at the discretion of the above.

Tickets to be had through any member of the Committee, as per names in circular issued to Lodges, or from the undersigned, as follows:—

For a Gentleman and Lady..... ...Rs. 15.
„ an extra Lady..... „ 5.

Remittance must accompany the application for Tickets.

Joint Hon. Secretaries. { J. F. PENNOCK, King's Building, Horsby Road. A. FINAN, R. I. M. Dockyard.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE VIS-A-VIS VICTORIA recently done up tyres in good order, additional hood for front seat, fitted for single or double harness. Price Rs. 650.

Also a set of double Cawnpore-English plated harness, cost Rs. 100 in July, 1912. Price Rs. 80 or offer.

Also a rubber-tyred buggy partly English built, suitable for 14-15 hand horse, sound but needs doing up, Price Rs. 250.

Also a sweet-toned piano (Marcks) in good order, Rs. 300, or offer.

Apply to R. D. PRIOR, Poona, or to Messrs. JAFFER JUSSUFF, East Street, Poona.

WANTED.

WANTED, for the Igatpuri (Hill Station) Railway School, teaching up to the Government VII Standard, an ASSISTANT MISTRESS, with a Government Certificate as a trained Teacher. Pay Rs. 60, rising to Rs. 70, with free quarters or ten per cent. allowance in lieu thereof. Apply, stating qualifications, to

THE SECRETARY,
G. I. P. Railway,
Bombay.

THREE SHORTHAND WRITERS, on Rs. 150 each per mensem, are required from 1st March, 1913, in the Legal Department, Secretariat, Bombay for reporting the Proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Council, and for other Shorthand and Typing work. Candidates, for the posts, should apply as soon as possible to the Undersigned, stating their speed and also their age and qualifications and forwarding copies of testimonials from their previous employers.

P. E. PERCIVAL,
Secretary to Government.
Legal Department.

Secretariat, 27th January, 1913.

WANTED, by the Officers' Mess, the Connaught Rangers, a first rate KHANSAMAH. Apply, enclosing copies of testimonials, and a banker's or other guarantee of solvency (which will be treated as strictly confidential) to MESS PRESIDENT, Ferozepore.

WANTED, by a young Englishman, BEDROOM with use of sitting Room, with full Board, near the Cooperage or Apollo Bunder. Private family preferred. To occupy from March 1st onwards. Write with full particulars, stating inclusive charge to Box No. 121, care of this Paper.

WANTED AT ONCE, AN EXPERIENCED Eurasian or English SHORTHAND LADY TYPIST. Apply stating salary expected, and sending copies of testimonials (without both of which no application will be entertained) to Box No. 756, care of this Paper.

AMUSEMENTS.

MAIDANIA.

TO-NIGHT,
at 9-30.

GAUHAR JAN

The celebrated Calcutta Singer.

Reserved Seats Rs. 5 and Rs 3;
Unreserved Rs. 2.

A unique chance for all classes to hear the Primier Indian Artiste

GAUHAR JAN.

THURSDAY, 30TH JANUARY,
at 9-30.

SKATING

CALICO CARNIVAL.

Admission to Garden and Carnival As. 8.

SKATES Re. 1, Extra.

FRIDAY, 31ST JANUARY,
at 9-30.

HOUSTON

The Wonder Worker.

HOUSTON

The King of Magicians.

Admission to the Garden and Entertainment

Eight Annas.

SATURDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY,
at 9-30 P.M.

MASSED CAVALRY BANDS.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF ELECTRIC FITTINGS AND MATERIALS CANDLESTICKS PLATEDWARE, BRONZE FIGURES AND SHOP FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., Official Assignee and assignee of the estate of Mahomed Adam Memon and another, Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the shop, opposite Bombay Bank, in Elphinstone Circle, Fort, this day Wednesday, the 29th Jan. at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.,) the following:—Such as gas and electric chandeliers of 2 to 10 lights, gas and electric globes, gilt bordered pictures in frames, jardineers, vases, candlesticks, figures with lights table and ceiling fans, a good lot of glass, porcelain and platedware, bronze figures and furniture, such as show cases, office table, chairs, carpets, and cupboards, etc.

A Deposit of 25 per cent, will be required at the time of sale.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE of the Complete printing Plant and the right, title and interest of the Plaintiffs and Defendant in the Press known as the "Helena Press" in Marine Street, opposite the Government Central Press.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 498 of 1912.

The firm of Hajarimal Motaji & Co.,...Plaintiffs.
vs.
Cawasji R. Ashburner.....Defendant.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit in pursuance of the Decree, dated the 30th day of July, 1912, and the order, dated the 18th day of November, 1912, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1913, at 3 p. m. (S. T.) on the premises the complete printing plant of the press known as the Helena Printing Press opposite the Government Central Press, in Marine Street, Fort, as well as the right, title and interest of both the plaintiffs and the defendant abovenamed in the said press.

For further particulars and printed list of the plant of the press and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jametram and Madon, attorneys for the above Receiver at their office No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

N. B.—Catalogues are published and the above will be first put up in one lot and if not sold, then will be put up in separate lots.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 28th January, 1913.

PAINTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by

MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,
of London & Bristol,
can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

THE MOST MAGNIFICENT BATTLE PICTURE EVER SEEN

EDISON'S GREAT HISTORICAL FILM,

BATTLE OF BALACLAVA,

OR

THE CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE.

The Event that made "ALL THE WORLD WONDER"
Shown in a Series of Splendid Pictures.

THIS WEEK'S PROGRAMME :—

1. THE WOULD BE DOG TRAINER..... (Comic.)
2. CAGLIOSTRO..... (Coloured romance.)
3. CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE.....
4. FOOLSHEAD SHOOTING..... (Comic.)
5. ON TIME FOR BUSINESS..... (Comic.)

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY, HALF PRICES.

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE.

CHARNI ROAD. TELEPHONE No. 1271.

To Night! Every Night!!

Saturday and Sunday Special day performances also.

Day performance will be commenced at 4 P.M. and doors will be opened at 3 P.M.

FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY.

Prof. PARSHARAMRAO'S

New Grand Circus.

Place—Bhendi Bazar near Fulgalli,

Grand Circus Tent.

Professor Parashramrao's New Grand Circus with Royal Menagerie of performing wild animals consisting of 6 African Lions, 4 Royal Bengal Tigers, Elephant, Camel, Horses, Dogs and Monkeys and Goats etc, and about 25 famous Malbari and Indian Acrobats both males and females will show their skill in performing Triple horizontal bar, Cycle truck, cakewalk on wire, balancing on single, double and flying trapeze and many other gymnastic and acrobatic feats; so also all trained animals such as Horses, Elephant, Camel, dogs, cows, monkeys, goats will perfectly entertain the audience in every of their acts.

Wonderful, thrilling and awe-inspiring acts of wild animals of 6 ferocious African lions and 4 Royal Bengal Tigers introduced by Professor Parasharamrao, the renowned Indian wild animal trainer will show extraordinary and daring feats in a big Iron cage which have never been seen in any of European or native Circus up to now. Funny Clowns will make people laugh beyond imagination.

Rates of Admission.

Box (4 Chairs)	Rs. 10	Second Class Chair	Re. 1
„ Single Chair	„ 3	Gallery	As. 8
First Class...	„ „ 2		

Menagerie open for visitors from 8 A. M. till evening.
FEE HALF ANNA.

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATION FOR LADIES.

N. B.—Tickets can be had at the Tent from 7 P.M. Doors open at 8 P.M. and the show commences at 9-30 P.M. (S. T.) Smoking in Tent is strictly prohibited. Free Pass is not transferable. Rates of admission may be increased if necessary.

Prof. PARSHARAMRAO, *Proprietor.*
Y. T. DALVI. *Manager.*

A ROYAL ROAD TO PERFECT HEALTH

is to secure the divine shelter of the world-renowned and universally successful.

Atank Nigrah Pills.

The—Mistress of the Tonics manufactured from the purest vegetable drugs without any intoxicants. Remember "Delay is dangerous."

PRICE. Re. 1.
FOR A TIN OF 32 PILLS.

Vaidya Shastri
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,

DEALERS IN STATIONERY,

SURVEYING ENGINEERING AND DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, Etc.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS, Etc.,

No. 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

TO BE LET.

TO LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with veraadah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, Shower and W. C. Use of Dining-room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 460, care of "Bombay Gazette".

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY BYCULLA, AND POONA.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

EMPRESS PALE
and
HOUSEWIFE'S FRIEND

Fine Household Soaps.

Can be obtained everywhere

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES. (Cash only). Not exceeding three lines Re. 1. Each succeeding line, Annas 8, Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

BARLOCK TYPEWRITERS.—4 BRAND NEW MACHINES, late models with all improvements. Price Rs. 350 each, reasonable offers considered. Taken as part security for debt. Apply Box No. 39, care of this Paper.

ELECTRICAL Lamps, Cables, Fans and Accessories.—OOMEDRAM JEEWABHAI & Co., Bankers and Govt. Contractors, Kalbadevi Road. Installations undertaken at moderate Rates. All Materials stocked.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is, therefore, able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding, Stationery etc.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhouni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes — 9¼ inch by 4¢ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¢ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 2 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 419, care of Bombay Gazette" Office.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)..... Rs. 29,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half-yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED ... ... Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED ... ... Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ... ... Rs. 8,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)... Rs. 8,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½% p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and sales of business apply to

SRI RAM, B. A.,
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street. Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS,

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Frs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)
CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandize to

L. CAMBE,
Manager

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES AT:—
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shiply and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.)

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Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M PETIT, Bart,
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Horuby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:—Gresham Buildings.
PAID UP CAPITAL... ..Rs. 15,00,000.
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 1,00,000.

Banking business of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS

Payable at 15 days notice 2½ per cent under Bank Rate
„ „ 30 „ „ ...2 per cent „ „ „
„ „ 60 „ „ ...1 per cent „ „ „

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital shows the Bank's progress in 1912:—

31st January 1912.....Rs. 8,00,000
30th April „ .....Rs. 24,00,000
31st July „ .....Rs. 52,00,000
30th December „ .....Rs. 100,00,000

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, (C. A. I. B.) London, Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....£ 365,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA, LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... „ 17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tilhling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon	
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon	
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco	
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai	
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkew	
Canton	Lyons	Singapore	
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya	
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh	
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin	
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau	
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama	
Hongkong	Penang	Yloilo	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sums accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 30th January, 1913, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Clarke house, Wodehouse Road, Fort, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, dining table, arm and without armchairs, sideboard dumbwaiters, drawing-room chairs, one upright cottage piano by Justin Browne, London, one set Encyclopædia Britannica, ornaments, cabinets, carpets, History of Famous Literature, set of the Historian History of the world, a small Billiard table, bookcases, single and double bedsteads, dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, bentwood chairs, office tables, book presses, one lot of books, one gramophone, one typewriter filter, one dogcart, etc., etc., the property of E. Maidment, Esq., Assistant Collector of Customs.

The property of another gentleman.

One second-hand English built brougham, on C. spring by Morgan of London, with a strong and fast chestnut, water gelding and harness complete.

One Lady's saddle, with bridle complete by Pitt and Sons.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On FRIDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 3, Gymkhana Chambers, opposite Bombay Gymkhana, Fort, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware by Reed and Barton and Elkington, large sliding dining table, arm chairs, handsome mirror, back side boards, rich carpets table and hall lamps, drawing-room blackwood, open carved cushion, sofas and chairs, one nearly new Cottage piano by Rose, one Chubb safe on stand, rich cabinet and ornaments old China and fancy vases, palm stands, wall clocks, writing table, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrah, cloth and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and washhand tables, hat stands, purdahs, screens, aluminium utensils, etc., etc. The property of a Lady going home and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 1st proximo, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M., (S. T.).

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred landau, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature brougham in good order.

1 bay horse, quiet in harness.

1 8 H.P. single cylinder 4 seated De Dion motor car, in good running order.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE by order of High Court of cloth shops with Buildings, at Shaik Memon Street, Cloth shops with Building, at Bhendy Bazar, Parel Road, and shops with Buildings at Banian Road, near Pydhowni.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 642 of 1912.

Zulikhabai, widow.....Plaintiff.

vs.

Mariambai, widow and others ...Defendants.

Under instructions from Khan Saheb Abba Haji Mahomed and Mr. Ebrahim Haji Mahomed, the Receivers appointed by the Decree in the above suit bearing date the 5th day of October, 1912, Messrs. Bennett & Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned immoveable properties on the premises on the day and at the time mentioned under each Lot.

LOT NO. 1.

To be sold on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground containing by admeasurement (225) two hundred and twenty-five square yards, be the same, more or less, with the message, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, together with the shops attached thereto and assessed by the Municipality Under Old Nos. 379, and 379A, New Ward No. C 111 and 112, Street Nos. 41-1, 45-1, and by the Collector of quit and ground rent under Collectors Old Nos. 95 and 95, and New No. 6029, Old Survey 1-2

Nos. 1084 and 1085, and New Survey No. —— the 1859

quit and ground rent payable in respect of the land to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on payment by the Vendors on 11th April, 1911, and which said premises are situated at Shaik Memon Street, Bombay, and bounded as follows:—On the east by a sweepers passage, on the west by Shaik Memon Street, on the north by the property formerly of Haiderali Kassambhai and now of Hoptoola Shaik Adam, and on the south by the property formerly of the late Mr. Manockji Nusserwanji Petit and now of Mr. Mahomedalli Bowji.

Lot No. 2.

To be sold on FRIDAY, the 14th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenament shops and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at the Parel Road outside the Fort of Bombay, which said piece of ground and premises contain by admeasurement (179) one hundred and seventy-nine square yards or thereabouts, and are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under quit and ground rent No. 30, Old Survey No. 1577, and New Survey Nos. 1066 and 7355, the ground rent payable to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on 11th April, 1911, and assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward No. 8023 and Street Nos. 106-110 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the south by the house of Parsi Nanabhai, on or towards the east by public Parel Road, and on or towards the west by the sweepers passage.

Lot No. 3.

To be sold on SATURDAY, the 15th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuages and tenements and shops built thereon situate, lying and being at Banian Road, containing by admeasurements (189) one hundred and eighty-nine square yards, be the same, little, more or less, and assessed by Municipality of Bombay under Ward C. Nos. 6289, 6289 (1) Street Nos. 8, 10, 12, 14, and by the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 24, and 1060 and New No 7349, Old Survey Nos. 2117, 2118, and New Survey No 2-1262, the ground rent in respect thereof payable to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on the 11th day of April, 1911, and which said premises are bounded as follows:—On or towards the east partly by the property now or late of Narayen Gopinath and partly by the property now or late of Krishnarao Gopinath, on the west by the house of Thacker Hemraj Luckhoo, on the south partly by the common passage of properties lately belonging to Hiraji Narayen, Krishna and Ramchander Gopinath and partly by the property now or late of Krishnarao Gopinath, and on the north by the Banian Road.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co., Solicitors for the said Receivers, at No 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 28th January, 1913.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. WAX, CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. MOTOR OILS A & B. Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, JAN. 27.] BOMBAY, JAN. 28.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
£ 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	74 3-4		1-8
3 do. Rentes ...	89	un	chgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	89 3-4	un	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities...	83 7-8	1-8	
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	28 9-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' acnce...	28 3-4	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...	62 1-8	un	chgd
Exchanges on London at Paris ...	25·21	01	
do. do. at Berlin...	20·48 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. New York...	4·87 3-8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate...	5	since	
do. Short London Bills	17th Oct		
do. 3 months' sight...	4 11-16	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	4 5-16	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	4 1-2	1-2	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	4 5-8	1-8	

Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet—Steady

Bar Gold. ... 77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot — Unchg'd—Moderate business done.

Futures — Easy

Manchester — Steady with a fair demand.

Total Sales — 8,000 bales.

Sold on Speculation and for Export... 700 „

Imports ... 20,000 „

Mid-Americans ... 6·81 unchgd

Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9·80 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May.-June
6·61	6 60	6 60	6·59	6·59
+03	+07	+08	+08	+09
				1914
June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Jan.-Feb.
6 57	6·54	6·25	6·29	6·17
+09	+09	+10	+08	

New York 11 a.m., March 12·44 May. 12·28.

New York official Noon call Mar. 12·43 May. 12·25

New Orleans 10 a.m. March 12·12 May. 12·41

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	26,000
„ Receipts at „ last year ...	60,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	4,000
Exports to Continent ...	22,000
Spot Cotton ...	13·05 unchgd

Futures—Month of Mar. 12·30—04 } Advanced on favorable cotton goods situation and declined owing to long-unloading.

Futures—Month of May. 12·25—05

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ...	12 7-12+1·16
Futures month of Mar. ...	12·24—12
Futures month of May. ...	12·23—11
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Steady

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	Nominal
Do. Months—	.....
Do. Name of Ports— ...	.....
Wheat White Karachi ...	40 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months ...	Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	40 unchgd
Do Months— ...	Jan.-Feb.—London—Nominal

Tone—Firm.

Wheat afloat for U. K. ... 1,990,000

Austrian Wheat ... ... Unchanged

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ... 51 + 1-4

Do. Months— ... Jan.-Feb.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal

Do. Months— ... .

Do. Name of Ports.— ... .

Brown Cawnpore ... Nominal

Do. Months— ... .

Do. Name of Ports.— ... .

Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 47 3-4 unchgd

Do. Months— ... March-May

Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers

Tone—Steady.

Linseed Calcutta 44 9

Do. Months— ... ... April-June.

Do. Name of Ports—London—Buyers—Firm.

Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 42 1-2 unchgd

Do. Months— ... Jan.-Feb.

Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ... 27 1 9—0 0 9

Jan.-Feb.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 13 11-16 —1-16

RUBBER—

Para Rubber... ... ... 6s 4 1-4 +1-4d

Jan.-Feb.—Value—Steady.

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B ...£ 68 5-3

Copper Braziers ...£ 83

Yellow Metal ... £ 7 1-4

FREIGHTS—

Coals:—Cardiff, to Bombay Canal... 13-6 Nominal.

ARRIVALS:—

"Baluchistan."

GOAT SKIN SALE.

Goat skin sale opened to-day.

Tone—Strong.

Goat skins offered 832,000.

Sheep ... 1173

Goat skin Madras a penny higher.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Duable bags) ... 13 2 1-4 +1 1-2d

Do. Months of Shipment... Mar-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone—Firm. High prices asked but not much doing.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... 12s 7 1-2+1 1-2d

Do Months of Shipments ... Feb.-Mar.—Sellers

Tone—Firm. Little offering and not many buyers.

German Beet-root 59 p.c. ... 9 10 1-2+1-2d

Months of Shipments ... May—Sellers

9 11 3-4+1-4d—Oct-Dec.—Sellers

Tone—Steady. Very little doing.

SAR & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 14 0 3-4 + 2-4d

Months of Shipments ... Mar-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone—Firm but without activity.

Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 4 1-2 unchgd

Month of Shipments ... Jan.—Value.

Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta

Do. 11 —June—Value.

Do. 10 7 1-2—July.-Dec.—Value.

Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi

Do. 11 1 1-2—June—Value.

Do. 10 9 —July.-Dec.—Value.

Fine White Java C & F Calcutta

Do. 12 1 1-2—June—Value.

Do. 11 10 1-2—July.-Dec.—Value.

Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi

Do. 12 3 —June—Value.

Do. 12 —July.-Dec.—Value.

Tone—Firm but little doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [28TH JAN., 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
8 Boxes Rs ...	48,000	Mahomerah	Hongkong Bank
5 Bundles Sovs	13,500	Busreh	Comptoir National
2 Cases Sovs.. & Rs	12,500	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 25th & 26th Jan., 1913.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	58	68,935
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	63	76,834

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened quiet and unchange at 1s 41 1-6d. T. T., 1s. 43 32 on Demand and 1s. 41 3-2 for 3 months sight Credits. The enquiry for Bank remittance has been small and private bills remain very scarce. Far Eastern rates are rather Easier rates are rather easier.

We quote :—

T. T. on London ...	1s. 4 1-16d
Demand Draft ...	1s. 4 3-32
Credits 3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward ...	1s. 4 5-16d. Mar.
Do. do Francs ...	171 3-4 to 1-2
Do. do Marks ...	139 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...	149 3-4
Shanghai „ ...	206
Japan „ ...	148 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 95 3 1-6 for Cash and the first settlement but declined 1 1-6 during the early part of the day, subsequently recovering to the opening rate, at which the market closes steady. A moderate business has been done. For the second settlement the rate has kept at 1-8 better, with sellers at the close.

We quote:—

Cash ...	Rs. 95 3	0
1st Settlement ...	„ 95 3	0
2nd „ ...	„ 95 5	0 Sellers

BULLION:—

Yesterday the London market for bar silver closed unchanged at 259 1-6 for ready and 28 3-4 for forward. New York was also unchanged at 62 1-8. The local market opened at 71 5-8 ex-duty for ready and the first settlement, and of the declining to 71 1-2 closes steady at our quotations. A moderate business has been done. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs.	24 0 0
Australian „	„	24 0 0
Sovereigns „	„	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready	„	71 9 0
1st Settlement	„	71 9 0
2nd Settlement	„	72 0 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	„	80 15 0
1st Settlement	„	80 15 0
2nd Settlement	„	81 6 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Fluctuations occured in the American markets yesterday, New York opening 10 and 8 points up, but closing 4 and 5 points down. Further fluctuations are likely. There was little change in the local market on opening this morning. Good Broach was quoted Rs. 315 but during the early part of the day business was done at Rs. 315 1-2. At Colaba the rate advanced to Rs. 317 and closes Rs. 1 higher, the Liverpool opener being better than expected. The enquiry for fine Broach continues, but otherwise little business has been done.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand by shippers and mills. Prices are steady.

QUOTATIONS :—

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	330 March.
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	318 „
Fine M. G. Wardha-Hinganghat ...		327-8 „
Fine M. G. Nagpur	„	324-5 „
Fine M. G. Yeotmal	„	321 „
Fine M. G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon...	„	317 „
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola... ...	„	310 „
Fine M. G. Khandeish	„	287 „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	„	278 „
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	276 „
Sawginned Dharwar	„	324 „

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	Quiet
Estimated Sales	7,000 bales.
Total Imports	25,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr
6·57	6·56	6·57
—04	—04	—04
Apr.-May.	May-June.	June.-July.
6·55	6·55	6 53
—04	—04	—04
July-August.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept-Oct.
6·51	6·42	6·26
—03	—03	—03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is steadier.

We quote :—

Ready	Rs. 7 14	0 B.T.
Apl-May	„ 8 13	0 B.T.

RAPESEED:—

The market is steady.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi Apl-May ...	Rs. 8 7	0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready ...	„ 7 9	0 B T
Yellow „ „ ...	„ 8 4	0 „

JINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Steady.

Bold white 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 59	8 0
Mimbara	„ 61	0 0
Black Kutni	„ 48	8 0
Red Khandwa ...	„ 53	8 0

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 12	12 0 B T
Forward ...	Rs. 12	1 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 39	0 0

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 25	0 0

GROUNDNUTS :—

Tone—Steady.

We quote :—

Bold	Rs. 49	8 0
Small	„ 48	0 0

WHEAT :—

The market is steady.

We quote :—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs. 5	7 6 R T
White Delhi Apl.-May ...	„ 5	10 0 B.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,695
Bank of India	66 C D
Eastern Bank	94
Indian Specie	70 1-4

MILLS.

David	507 1-2
Kohinoor	805
Manockji Petit	3,150
New Great Eastern	205
Standard	1,415

PRESS.

New Mcfusil	850

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary —	185
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	181
Bombay S N Ordy	260
Colaba Land and Mill	1,545
Shivrajpur ining Syndicate ...	22

RAILWAY.

Tarti Valley	577 1-2

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m., yesterday :—

Cotton	7,917	bales.
Wheat	19,886	cwts.
Linseed	464	„
Rapeseed	312	„
Gingellyseed	22,193	„
Poppyseed	nil	
Groundnuts	16,642	„
Castorseed	3,477	„
Rice	8,161	„
Myrabollams, ...	3,667	„
Cottonseed	18,834	„
Mowrseed	nil	
Gram	4,543	„
Joowar	1,810	„
Maize	nil	
Barley	865	„

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	26,000	Bales
Exports to Great Britain ...	4,000	do.
Exports to Continent	23,000	do.
Spot Cotton at New York ...	13·05	
Future Cotton at New York—Mar..	12·30—7	
Future Cotton at New York—May...	12·15—5	
Spot closing tone	Steady	
Future closing tone	Quiet	

General Tone Market opened:—

Lower and early advanced on bull support and short covering, declined later partially under realizing.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 27.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	12 7-16+1-16
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Mar.	12·24—12
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May.	12·23—11
Opening tone of Market—	Steady
Closing Tone of Market ...	do

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 27.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened

for spot ... ... Quiet and closed Steady.

Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ... ... Quiet but steady.

Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian ... ... do.

Total Day's Sales ... ... 8,000 bales.

Sales on speculand export ... ... 700 do.

Total Sales of Surat ... ...

Total Day's Imports 20,000

Coconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F. ... 5 1-2

Coconada Ginned—Lon. C. I. F. ... 5 9-16

Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown 9 13-16

Geo. Mayalls Yarns 11 1-8

40's Mule Twist (Bannermills) ... 11 1-4

Mid American at Liverpool... ... 6·81

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool.

Jan.-Feb.	...	...	6·61+8
Feb.-Mar.	...	...	6·60+7
Mar.-Apr.	...	...	6·60+8
Apr.-May	...	...	6·59+8
May-June	...	...	6·59+9
June-July	...	...	6·57+9
July-Aug.	...	...	6·54+9
Aug.-Sep.	...	...	6·44+9
Sept.-Oct.	...	...	6·29+8

MANCHESTER, Jan. 27.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—

More enquiry in the market but not much business doing—Demand mainly for shirting Dhooties, fair enquiry for Grey shirtings medium.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Apl.-May—Ldn.— 44 9 Done

Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ...Jan.-Feb.—Hamburg—47 3 „

Do. La Plata...Jan.-Feb.—Hamburg—42 3 „

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Quiet

Do. Tendency of the Market ... do

Linseed Oil Spot Pipes. Jan.—£25- 5-0 „

do ...Mar.-Apr.—£24-10-0 „

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Steady

Poppyseed Canal...Jan.-Feb.—Antwerp —72 3 „

Do. Tone of Market at Close— Steady.

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship ...Jan.-Feb.—Antwerp 51 3 „

Do. Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship...Jan.-Feb—Antwerp— Nomi

Do. Ferozepore usual bold ... Jan.-Feb—Antwerp— Nomi

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Firm

Cotton seed. Bombay parcels ... Jan.-Feb.—Hull—£7-3-6— „

Do. Tone of Market at Close... ... Firm

Gingelly Seed. Bombay 15 p.c....Jan.-Feb.—London 62 9 „

Wheat. Choice white Karachi ...Jan.-Feb.—London—40 1 1-2 „

Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) —Jan.-Feb.—London 39 9 „

Do. Club No. 2 ..Jan.-Feb.—London—40 1-2 „

Do. Choice white Delhi ... Nomi

Do. Tone of Market at Close ... Steady

Do. South Auftralian ... ... No sellers

Do. Rozario Santa Fe. 62 lbs. ... do

Do. Red Graded American per central Mar.— ... 7 5 1-2

LONDON, Jan. 27.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Jan.—9 7 1-2 —Sellers

German Beet-root. 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Feb.—9 8 1-4 —Sellers

„ Closing Tone of Market Steady

German Granulated C. and F. India, (double Bags) Jan.-Feb.— 12 8 1-4—Sellers

German Granulated C. and F. India, (double Bags) Feb.-Mar.— 12 8 1-4—Sellers

German Closing Tone Market—Steady

Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ..Jan.-Feb.—12 6 3-4 —Sellers

Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ...Feb.-Mar.—12 6 3-4 —Sellers

Do. Closing Tone of Market ... Steady

Mauritius Crystals...Jan.— 12 4 1-2 — „

Do. Closing Tone of Market ... Steady

E. A. R. and Similar Crystals

C. and F. India (double Bags)— Jan.-Feb—13 7 1-2— „

E. A. R. and Similar Crystals

C. and F. India (double Bags— Feb-Mar.—13 9 — „

Do. Closing Tone of Market.—Steady.

LONDON, Jan. 27.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17)

C. I. F. Calcutta ... Jan.-Feb.—12 3—Value

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17)

C. I. F. Calcutta ... July-Dec.—10 9

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17)

Bombay or Karachi ... Jan.-Feb.—12 4 1-2

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17)

Bombay or Karachi July-Dec.—10 10 1-2

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Jan.-Feb.—13 9

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... July-Dec.—11 10 1-2

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi Jan.-Feb.—13 10 1-2

Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi —July-Dec.—12

Closing Tone of Market ... } Quiet

Special Feature ... ... } and unchgd

LONDON, Jan. 27.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	68	12	6
„ Best English Selected ...	.....		
„ Braziers... ...	83	0	0
Tone of Market ...	Quiet		
Hard Spelter	23	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool ...	230	0	0
Yellow Metal	7	1-8	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C. G. O. B 1, p.c. F O B L'pool ...	12	7	6
Pig Iron, No. 3 Cleveland... ...	3	5	3
„ „ No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro	.....		
„ „ Gartsherrie	.....		
Lead Pig English... ...	17	2	6
Tone of Steel Market	Quiet		
Silver, Spot	28 9-16		
„ 2 months hence ...	28 3-4		
„ Tone of Market—	Quiet and unchgd		

LONDON, Jan. 27.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	28 9-16
Silver 2 months	28 3-4
„ Closing Tone of Market—	Quiet
„ Tendency, etc, of the Market—Unchanged...	
Rentes 3 per cent ...	£ 89
Consols 2½ per cent ...	£ 74 7-8
Indian Stock 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 80 3-4
Sterling loan	£ 90 3-4
Govt Securities, 3 per cent ...	£ 77
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 63 3-4
Bar Gold per oz	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market—	Steady
Closing „ „ —	Quiet
Bank of England Rate of Discount is	5 per cent
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight.	1 3 29-32
London at Paris Fes	25·21
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	20·43 1-2
New York (Demand Bills) dols ...	4 87 5-8
Interest day to day loans ...	3 7-8
„ 7 days Market loans ...	4 1-8
Discount Bank Bills 3 months sight.	4 11-16
„ „ 6 „ ...	4 1-4
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	5 1-8
„ „ 6 „ ...	5

LONDON, Jan. 27.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

General Tone of Market—Steady

RUBBER.

Fine Hard Para Rubber—Jan.-Feb.—4 4 Sellers

General Tone of Market ... ... Quiet

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 28.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ... 8,000

Tone of Market ... ...Quiet but steady

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool—

Futures.	Latest closing	To-days opening.
Jan.-Feb. ...	6·61	6·56
Feb-Mar. ...	6·60	6·55
Mar-Apl. ...	6·60	6·55
Apl.-May ...	6·59	6·54
May-June ...	6·59	6·54
June-July ...	6·57	6·52
July-Aug. ...	6·51	6·49
Aug.-Sept. ...	6·41	6·40
Sept.-Oct. ...	6·29	6·25

Prices at 10-5 a.m.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st Jan., 1913, as compared with the statement of 14th Jan. 1913 :—

LIABILITIES.	Jan. 14. Rs.	a.	p.	Jan. 21. Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund...	1,85,00,000	0	0	1,85,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at head office.	2,22,66,420	12	2	2,24,03,417	10	3
Other Deposits, &c	16,90,36,128	5	3	17,12,20,267	2	11
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	16,39,504	8	9	12,58,022	4	11
Sundries	12,27,952	10	5	12,48,765	3	9
	23,26,69,706	4	7	23,46,30,472	5	10
ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities other authorized Investments ...	2,09,33,915	0	0	2,08,45,410	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	4,24,48,963	7	6	4,13,61,873	4	4
Accounts of Credit on do ...	5,31,56,086	6	0	5,33,51,820	2	4
Bills discounted, &c	3,61,86,557	4	0	3,45,10,728	14	11
Balances with other Banks ...	18,70,394	3	11	25,40,315	4	0
Bullion	.....			.....		
Dead Stock.....	24,73,412	13		24,75,099	15	0
Stamps	13,905	0	7	13,862	15	7
Sundries	6,18,745	1	1	6,17,553	9	3
	16,63,83,912	14	10	16,43,03,567	1	5
Cash, &c., at Head Office....						
Cash, &c., at Branches	6,62,85,793	5	9	7,03,26,905	4	5
	23,26,69,706	4	7	23,46,30,472	5	10

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Government Balance at Head Office	2,28,126	Decrease.
Government at Branches ...	3,65,124	Increase.
Other Deposits	21,84,139	Do.
Post Bills.....	3,91,182	Decrease.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments.....	1,83,475	Decrease.
Loans.....	10,87,090	Do.
Accounts of Credit	1,95,784	Increase.
Mercantile Bills	16,75,829	Decrease.
Cash at Head Office	27,16,669	Increase.
Do. at Branches	13,24,443	Do.

Percentage 35·85.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The share market as regards coal shares was steady and unchanged with a fair volume of business passing, but not much inquiry in evidence.

The Jute market was very quiet, buyers not interesting themselves at all.

In the gunny market there was considerable strength in all positions and sellers were so well placed that they were able to maintain rates, and a little business enables them to advance them.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Minieh, 2,106 tons Captain G. David, arrived in Bombay harbour on Monday evening from Jedah, 14th January, with 80 saloon and 1,036 deck passengers as pilgrims. During the voyage 16 deaths occurred among the pilgrims from natural cause.

The Hall Line, steamer Rydal Hall, 2,139 tons, Captain J. C. Grey arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Delva Bay, 10th January with a cargo of coal.

The Japan Line steamer Kamakura Maru, 3,798 tons Captain T. Hari which arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Kobe, 27th December brought a general cargo.

The Hall Line steamer Merton Hall, 2,773 tons, Captain T. Field, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and 5 saloon passengers.

The steamer Harmasan Maru I,815 tons, Captain a Nagatan will sail to-day for Kobe &c. with a general cargo.

The steamer Umona, 2 388 tons Captain W. G. Rivers, arrived in Bombay harbour on Tuesday from Natal 10th January, with a general cargo and 5 saloon and 46 deck passengers.

The steamer Bella of France 2,469 tons, Captain J. P. Carvill arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta, 17th January with a cargo of coal.

The Hansa Line Steamer Weissinfels, 2,437 tons Captain J. Betten will sail to-day for Rangoon etc. with the same bottom cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR AND R.I.M. VESSELS.

H M S Highflyer..Capt R A Nugento.....R N Flagship
H M S Alert .....Comdr H C Somerville ....Sloop
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr Geo J Todd .....Spl Ser St

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JAN. 23.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Zoroaster	2390	Wickham			T M & Co
B Calais	2892	Robertson			M M & Co
D&E Clan Macfarlan	3003	Hodges	Tatiocrin	30-1	Finlay & Co
F Uganda	3198	Archdeacon	Australian		M M & Co
G Hoscinei	993	Richardson	NF	NF	B P S NCo
H Praesident	2056	Schutt			A Stranges & Co
K Kumakura Maru	3798	Hori			N Y Kaisha
M Saigon Maru	3311	Yamaguchi	Kobe &c		O S Kaisha
N Ellaline	2491	Newton	1-2		Antwerp W & A G & Co
N Lindulo	2188	Cookson			M M & Co
O Clan Lindsay	2,499	Scott	Dunkirk	31-1	W & A G & Co
P Benin	2788	Cole	NF	5-2	E D Sasson & Co
Q Harmasan Maru	1815	Nagatsan	Kobe	31-1	M B Kaisha

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Rabenfels	2393	Steinert	Karachi	3-2	W & A G & Co
2 Castalia	4086	Mitchell	Liverpool		W & A Graham & Co
3 Basson	2763	Boxhall	Kchi	28-1	J F & Co
4 Errington Court	2781	Jones	Antwerp		J Meckintosh
5 Merton Hall	2773	Field	37	K Nixon & Co	
6 Weissenfels	2438	Batten	Rangoon	8-1	W & A G & Co
7 Cleopatra	2129	Chcesch	Trieste	1-2	A Lloyd
8 City of Sparta	3497	McGregor	K Nixon & Co		
10&11 Devanna	4785	Hickey	Shanghai	23-1-13	
12&13 China	4169	Tocque	London	P & O Co	
14 Nass	930	Manily		M M and Co	
16 Koln	510	Elvos	Bugreh	M M & Co	M W D D
Lawoe	1317	Boon		D Kandwaru	H W P D
Indravati	513	Ismail		Ro S N Co	

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
27	Minieh	Davil	Jedah, Jan 14
28	Columbia	Bond	New York, &c
	Rydall Hall	Gray	D'goa Bay, Jan 10
	Umona	Rivers	Natal, Jan 10
	Belle of France	Cargil	Calcutta, Jan 17

The following vessels obtained portclearances on Tuesday :—

Steamer Harmasan Maru Nagatsan for Kobe &c
" Merton Hall Field for Liverpool &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Kamakura Maru for Kobe &c
" Cassia for Calcutta &c
" Rockdale (to arrive) for Antwerp &c
" Mystic (to arrive) for Liverpool &c

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's s s Muristan arrived at Gibraltar on the evening of the 26th instant. The same Co's s s Rohis an left Gibraltar on the evening of the 25th instant, and the same Co's s s Golconda left Suez on the evening of the 25th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—8 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co ; 100 bales wool, K Kairaz ; 385 tons oil cake, The New Mofussil Co ; 45 bales wool, M Mitha and Co ; 500 cwts oil cake. Turner Morrison and Co.

Merton Hall s—56 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co ; 7,400 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 2 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 6 bales wool, Esmail Dossa and Co.

FOR LONDON.

China s—182 cwts, fishmaws, E Mahomed ; 236 casks skins, Chambers and Co ; 720 cwts bonemeal, Croft Mody and Co ; 3 casks skins Enrico N Stein ; 72 bales skins, Nizamoodin and Co.

Mystic s—26,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HULL.

Errington Court s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, Ebjee Oomersey ; 562 cwts cottonseed, Toolseedas.

Ellalines—1,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros ; 15,001 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee ; 562 cwts cottonseed, T Toolseedas.

Bassano s—1,012 cottonseed, H Govindji ; 625 cwts cottonseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Errington Court s—6,000 gingellyseed, B S Lloyd and Co; 5,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros; 8,000 cwts gingellyseed, C Boggiano and Co; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, A Blascheck and Co; 55 bales cotton, waste, K Visram Colaba; 110 bales cotton, Solomon Bros ; 4,000 cwts barley 2,000 maize, K. Devchand and Co.

Benin s—110 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 55 bales cotton waste, K Ebrahim and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Benin s—4,002 cwts groundnuts, G Bhimjee; 214 bales cotton, W. Wolf and Sons; 65 bales hemp Ebjee Oomersey; 525 cwts myrabollams, J. M. Billimoria and Co; 250 cwts cottonseed, The Indian Oil Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Merton Hall s—37 cwts gingellyseed J Fachcri 1,000 cwts groundnuts B Devchand and Co.

Castalia s—3,000 cwts linseed, 100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Castalia s—567 casks skins Enrico N Stein.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cleopatra s—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 20 cwts animal guts. admeror 190 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

Castalia s—125 casks skins Enrico N Stein

FOR KOBE.

Ilford s—700 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, B N Ginwalla and Co; 200 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co.

Saigon Maru s—1,500 bales cotton, The Japan C. T Co; 23 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Zoroastra s—500 bales cotton, M Amersy and Co ; 900 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 2,000 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 2,100 bales cotton, G G Kaisha; 250 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Kama Kura Maru s—5 tons maganese ore, N Futehally and Co.

Saigon Maru s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Saigon Maru s—600 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Zoroastra s—400 bales cotton, Bruel and Co.

Ilford s—1,000 bales cotton The M B Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Saigon Maru s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 75 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Saigon Maru s—590 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co.

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MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

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Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester Brand 125 deg.	5 0 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Tiger Brand 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 3 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 3 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 3 0	do.
do. do. 125° (in bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box No 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 29th Jan. 1913.

THE PUBLIC SERVICES COMMISSION.

As disclosed by the comprehensive chain of interrogations circulated before the opening of the enquiry at Madras, there are a number of important points for discussion and settlement by the light of the evidence placed before the Commission which, judging from the character of the testimony at the Southern session, will not all be helpful as some of the views were coloured by prejudices that have no bearing on the matters at issue. This is a feature which will not be absent from the proceedings elsewhere, as there is an obvious desire to state the case against the present system as strongly as possible through the medium of independent testimony as a counterpoise to the official views which will also be pressed upon the Commission. The majority of the Madras witnesses were Hindus, as the Presidency does not possess many representative Mahomedans, and we shall have the opinions of the latter at the Calcutta and Upper Indian sessions and as they are likely to coincide with the teachings of the Moslem League, their testimony will not favour proposals that would perpetuate an ascendancy of which they already complain as injurious to the interests of the community. However this may be, it is apparent that the principal issues on which attention is being concentrated are the synchronous examination in London and India as a means of appeasing local demands for freer admission to the Civil Service and the addition of more offices to the schedule of appointments already reserved for Orientals, with corresponding reductions in the British personnel, varying from a half to a fifth of its present strength, which may be roughly stated at twelve hundred. As regards the first proposal, the Madras session of the Commission recorded evidence which showed that there was a cleavage in the Hindu view, as the Brahmin witnesses all plumped for the simultaneous examination while the rest were opposed to it as likely to give a monopoly of office to a highly intellectual class who would have no great difficulty in passing the educational tests. Hence the testimony of those not belonging to the premier caste favoured the holding of a qualifying examination in India, the successful candidates in which would be appointed by selection, care being taken to adjust the proportions between each seat, so that none should receive unfair predominance. There were also suggestions for a separate local competition for Indians on a modified syllabus borrowed from the London test, but the weightier evidence was either for or against the two propositions stated above. The European testimony, both official and other, was in solid opposition to the Brahminical view, one Civilian witness stating his conviction that the view of a simultaneous examination was too preposterous for serious discussion.

The proposal is by no means new as it was mooted and rejected when competition replaced the Company's methods of recruiting their service, and it was discussed again by the Aitcheson Commission in the latter half of the eighties, when Lord Dufferin having dropped the Congress, was still desirous of meeting Indian aspirations for a closer association with the work of Government. That Commission, although it recorded a good deal of evidence in support of the idea, was not convinced of its advantages for the reasons given in the report, which have not lost force by the lapse of a quarter of a century, during which Indian educational developments have attained far higher standards than they had reached in Lord Dufferin's era. The members of the Aitcheson enquiry signed a unanimous report on this and the other points deliberated, for although three of the Indian representatives disagreed with the decision on the examination question, they accepted the compromise offered by "the scheme for the establishment of a Provincial Service which is well calculated to secure the end in view, and at the same time is not open to the objections urged against simultaneous examinations." The question was revived six years later by the passing of the Parliamentary resolution in favour of synchronous competitions in London and India, but the Secretary of State—Lord Kimberley—when writing to the Governor-General on the point, remarked that "it is indispensable that an adequate number of the members of the Civil Service shall always be Europeans, and that no scheme would be admissible which does not fulfil that essential condition." The Government of India were opposed to the idea for similar reasons, and when their reply was received it was approved by Mr. Fowler, who was then at Whitehall, in a despatch containing the following significant sentence : "The whole subject has been reconsidered with a sincere desire to give full weight to the arguments in favour of a system of simultaneous examinations, but the conclusion arrived at is that there are insuperable objections to the establishment of that system." Since then official and European opinion in India has solidified on the point, and the testimony collected by the present enquiry from these sources will be strongly adverse to a proposal which is being pressed by a section of the educated classes chiefly on the grounds of convenience and our caste observances. As regards the latter it may be pointed out that the prejudices of a quarter of a century ago have largely disappeared, and that although the educational standards are higher than when the proposal was orginally broached, they are not good enough to enable Indians to pass local examinations equivalent to the tests applied in London.

Hence there is the risk, which was alluded to by some of the Madras witnesses, of our educational institutions degenerating into cramming centres, while private establishments would be started with the same object. A service recruited under these conditions would stand self-condemned, while it would perpetrate the defects for which remedies are now being sought. It would be possible to array other equally strong arguments against the proposal, but we have probably said sufficient to show that the idea is no more feasible than it was in the eighties, and that if educated Indians desire to be converted into efficient Civil Servants, they must come into contact with the intellectual and social life of the West, and that can only be attained by the maintenance of the present sytem of recruitment which offers them equal advantages with their British competitors. One of the most suggestive questions propounded by the Commission is, "what is your opinion regarding the suitability of the recent recruits to the Indian Civil Service?" an interrogatory which elicited a flood of testimony in Madras, that will be repeated by unofficial witnesses elsewhere, who are the spokesmen of the movement having for its objective the upsetting of the present equipoise between the English and indigenous elements of the administration. Hence a strong indictment will accumulate against the modern successors of the Haileybury men, supported by charges of lack of sympathy, bureaucratic tendencies, ignorance of the vernaculars, and other counts too numerous to specify within the limits of a newspaper article. But a point that is overlooked by these depreciatory testifiers is that the present-day Civilian has neither the personal nor official liberty given to the men of other days, because he works under a catena of regulations which must be memorized and obeyed to the letter if he wishes to escape chastisement from his secretariat or immediate superiors. The desire for uniformity deprives him of initiative, and he is, to put it broadly, a departmental helot, with periodical impositions in the form of voluminous reports and statistics which nobody reads except those who have to write resolutions and orders upon them. Intellectually and in every other respect he is as good as his predecessors, and given more freedom and leisure would be in a position to respond to the demands made upon him for a closer association with the people he rules and advises. The whole situation is too complex for discussion here, but it may well occupy the earnest attention of the Commission if they desire to improve the prospects of the service and to maintain the efficiency we are accustomed to expect from it. And this may be done without accepting the dual examination proposal or any of the other nostrums prescribed by Indian political experts, who prefer side entrances to the open door through which many of their compatriots have entered, for competition is the best primary text of fitness, and any modifications in the system will assuredly lead to the disasters predicted by those whose knowledge and experience are far greater than the *obiter dicta* of witnesses who have none of it, though they are actuated by motives which command our fullest respect and sympathy.

GERMAN ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

GREAT anxiety is felt in Europe at the present time concerning the fate of the German Arctic Expedition which has been exploring under Lieutenant Schroder-Stranz in Spitzbergen, for some months past. No definite news has been received, but there is reason to believe that a large proportion of its members have succumbed to scurvy or starvation. Though only one of the party had any experience of Polar work, the sealing sloop Herzog-Ernst, which carried them from Tromso on the Norwegian coast was well found and carried abundant supplies. The idea of taking inexperienced men was to train them specially that an attempt might be made next season to repeat Baron Nordenskjold's voyage through the North-East passage. It is known that the Spitzbergen expedition was not over-burdened with funds and that it started too late in the year to get up the east coast as was proposed. And experienced men foretold failure as the party knew nothing of the land to which they were going. Mr. Rudmose Brown, who advised the expedition as to the best route to follow in their unfavourable circumstances, informs a home paper that the idea was to make for North-East Land the second largest island of the Spitzbergen group, which is covered with a great ice-cap. It is but little explored, and there the Germans would be able to do good work and gain valuable experience. Failing to get along the east coast owing to ice, they rounded South Cape, and made north along the west coast. A call was made at the wireless station in Green Harbour on their way. Then they spoke the German tourist boat Victoria Louise, and no more news was received until the story of the disaster arrived the week the mail left. The Herzog Ernst went into winter quarters in Trurenberg Bay in the north of Spitzbergen. Apparently they failed to reach North-East Land as the summer was a very bad one, and there was much ice about. It is known that Lieutenant Stranz and several of his party left the ship on a sledge journey in the middle of August and the remainder of the ship's company abandoned the vessel and retreated to the American Coal Company's mining settlement in Advent Bay, a distance of about a hundred and twenty miles. Why they took this action is not explained, but it is surmised that scurvy had attacked many of their number. Since then news has been received that the party from the ship crossed Wijde Bay on the ice, and halted at Cape Petermann till December 10. Bad weather and exhaustion accounted for this, but this is considered to have been an unwise halt. Dr. Rudiger, the oceanographer, had already been abandoned, unable through frostbite to travel, with two months' provisions. Captain Ritschel continued the journey alone across country to Advent Bay. At Cape Thordsen he ate his last candle, crossed the ice of Ice Fjord with great difficulty, and on December 27 arrived at the mining camp in Advent Bay whence came the last information concerning them. Meanwhile, the other men at Cape Petermann seem to have decided to return to their ship, picking up Dr. Rudiger on the way. The American engineers at Advent Bay immediately organised a relief expedition and left for the north, but so far there is no news of them and it is feared that Arctic Exploration has exacted a further heavy toll of human life.

AN ASSAM-BURMA RAILWAY.

AN important extension of the Indian railway systems is once more being contemplated by the Railway Board. We have it on the authority of the *Pioneer* that the Government is again taking up the question of railway connection between Assam and Burma, a project which was fully considered some seventeen or eighteen years ago, but was rejected mainly on account of its high cost. Surveys were made of three routes, but that which for general reasons was regarded as the most suitable, crossed heavy mountain ranges, and these brought the expense of construction to a figure, which was then regarded as prohibitive. It is now believed, however, that, during the intervals which has elapsed since these surveys were made, such a development of agriculture and trade has occurred along the Manipur and Hukong routes, especially in the Hukong Valley that the commercial prospects of a railway may now be more favourable. The authorities have accordingly directed that a fresh estimate may be made as to the amount of traffic a railway connecting Assam and Burma by either of the routes mentioned might hope to obtain at the time of opening, and also as to the prospects of subsequent development. Such an estimate would need to take into account the probabilities of an adequate labour supply for the development of the areas, through which the line would pass, and it is considered that it will be desirable to ascertain as far as possible whether there is any likelihood of a through traffic being created, as against the existing sea route for the principal articles of trade passing between Burma and the rest of India. The Government of Assam has been asked to collect information on these points. It is considered probable that a line along the coast would develop in time a considerable passenger traffic, as there is already a large passenger traffic between Chittagong and Burma, which is at present in the hands of steamship companies. The estimated cost of construction on these two routes as the result of the last survey was *via* Manipur, 779 lakhs and *via* Hukong, 460 lakhs.

STOLEN PLANS.

THE assertion that plans of the latest British Dreadnoughts must have been stolen by some one for the benefit of Austria is a bit disconcerting in view of many incidents latterly. The assertion would seem to be borne out by the fact that much of the special armament of our recently constructed ships has been copied by Austria and the designs for her new Dreadnoughts, and the placing of the armour in certain vital spots is closely followed. Without pointing out any special case it is a matter of notoriety that when conviction is brought home to any of the base traitors who sell their country's honour for foreign gold, their punishment falls far short of what they deserve. If Great Britain cannot afford to pay men well enough to keep official secrets, her judges should inflict a sentence that would deter others from taking the risk.

THE duck shoot at Bharatpur, last Saturday, at which Mr. E. S. Montagu was present, resulted in about 2,100 birds falling to forty guns.

THE first batch of Chinese, belonging to General Chang's party, arrived at Gnatong in British territory on the 5th. It included nine minor officials, 49 sick, with three doctors, 73 soldiers, 17 women and a few children.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 10.

Home sportsmen are now looking forward to the meeting of athletic teams representing Oxford and Cambridge Universities on the one hand, and Harward and Yale on the other. This international struggle promises to be the big event of the 1913 season, and allowing for the fact that Haward and Yale are not the strongest Universities in America, they will fully extend the Englishmen. This for the reason that field events are not popular here; consequently, any contest arranged between English and American Universities generally means that the latter start with the advantage of two certainties (hammer and shot) with another moral certainly in the high jump. Oxford and Cambridge can generally be depended on to give any rivals a good contest in the foot races however, and Messrs. Macintosh, Pitman, Jackson, Clark and Anderson will make a powerful back-bone to the team. The last-named is a grand hurdle, and with "milers" like Jackon and Clarke available, some fine performances should be seen. It is hoped that the Englishmen will be able to visit Canada, and try conclusions with the cracks of McGill and Toronto Universities—in addition to meeting the Harvard and Yale men.

The projected visit of the Oxford and Cambridge athletes ought to lead to the men picking up much valuable information regarding field athletics; that is, jumping, shot putting, hammer throwing, etc. If the tour leads to the English Varsity men taking more kindly to such events, it will be so much the better for the future of Home athletics.

FINE PERFORMERS.

Although this is the off-season so far as track athletics go, many fine performances are being put up on the road and across country. G. A. S. Wallach of Bolton, who is Scotch by birth, appears to have come on a lot of late, judging by the manner he won his club ten-mile championship.

This was decided on the Bolton cinder track and going out all the way, Wallach finished the race just inside 52mins. This is fine running, indeed, and his doings in the cross-country and ten-mile flat championships of 1913, will be closely watched.

Mention may also be made of the remarkable time credited to J. W. Breed of Durham, when winning the annual road race from Morpeth to Newcastle. The distance is given as 14 miles, but they must have been short ones, Breed's time being returned as 1 hour 14 mins. Some mistake was evidently made, but as Breed beat 46 rivals, and won by a quarter of a mile, he must have run well.

Among the young runners who are expected to show up well in the near future, none appear more likely than W. J. Tucker, who hails from Newberry in Berkshire, the native place of C. Hefferon, the one-time champion of South Africa. Tucker made light of the 7 1-2 miles of heavy going in the Inter-club Race at Chalvey on Saturday, and beat a good field in 44mins. 44secs. He is a sturdy youngster and will go far.

PEDESTRIANISM.

Following the Edinburgh Marathon race of 1912 (in which W. Kolehmainen just beat Hans Holmer), a 15-mile sweep-stake was arranged with T. Longboat joining in the last-named proved best man, after a fine race with the Finn. It is possible, history may repeat itself, as G. Dinning of England, winner of the recent Edinburgh 15-mile race can be backed to meet all comers. Kolehmainen, Queal of America, Holmer and Waltisparger of Paris, are named as desirable entrants and should they come together, something great in the way of a race should be seen. One naturally thinks of Tom Longboat and A. E. Wood, who both altered the 15-mile track record during 1912, the Englishman first reducing it to 1 hour 18 mins. 45 secs. whilst the Indian subsequently clipped a few more seconds off when beating Wood by half a yard. Dinning is certainly a fine runner, but he has not yet shown form to warrant one thinking he can get near the records of Longboat and Wood.

BOXING.

Memories of other days were revived at the National Sporting Club on Monday, when a reproduction of a prize fight under the old prize ring rules was given. J. Collinson and J. Wayho were the chief actors and right well they played their parts. All the old customs were illustrated, the principals using the knee of their second as a seat at the end of the rounds, which only came after one of the men was knocked down or thrown.

This was only one of the many attractions at Mr. A. F. Bettinson's benefit last Monday. Two contests were staged in one of which A. J. Miller gave a fine illustration of pluck. He was well leading Seaman Hayes for half then 15 rounds contest, but a stiff blow then broke two of his ribs. He went on, however, in spite of the pain, and no one but himself knew the extent of his damage until the finish. Naturally, his boxing fell away towards the end, so that Hayes won.

Many fine exhibition bouts helped make the evening memorable, the activity of Bombardier Wells, when boxing R. Smith (the amateur heavy-weight champion) being much admired. It may be news to some of my readers to learn that Wells is paying a lot of attention to sprinting. He can do very close to 11 secs. for the 100 yards, so that it is not surprising his foot work in the ring is worthy of a feather-weight. Home sportsmen are wondering who will be his next serious rival. The English champion is anxious to revisit America, and he is keen on meeting L. McCarthy or Jess Willard. Then there is the possible match with Tommy Burns, and it is also known that Wells would like a chance to "wipe out" his defeat by Ali Palzer. Thus it will be gathered that Wells looks like having a busy time during the next six months. He is wise to reap the golden harvest whilst he can, but if he makes a serious match in the United States for June, July or August, he will be foolish. No Englishman can hope to do himself justice at such a time whilst his best time for running or boxing, would be late October.

SWIMMING.

It is announced that the Olympic Games swimming events will be decided in a bath constructed in the hollow of the Greenewald racing track. It will be 104 metres over all and 100 metres between the "touch." The bath will be undercut at each end, so that there will be no push off with the feet at the turns. This is a matter to be noted and it will certainly make record breaking more difficult.

The Amateur Swimming Association of England is a body which seems very unwilling to officially show appreciation for the manner in which visiting swimmers have benefited swimming in this country. The Swedish authorities invited the English body to send a few representatives to the coming Northern Games in Stockholm. In spite of the fact that a Swedish water polo team is to visit England next season, the A. S. A. declines to accept the invitation.

WRESTLING.

E. Barrett, the big City of London policeman, met with a surprise in the catch-as-catch-can heavy weight wrestling championship this week. This was held under the auspices of the National Amateur Wrestling Association, and when Barrett and N. Rhys of Hammersmith took the matt for the find, a quick decision was expected—Rhys was about 90lbs. lighter than Barrett, yet the latter was thrown in 3mins. 40secs. The second bout was more prolonged, the judges being unable to agree at the end of 15 minutes, another five being ordered. Rhys came through this with flying colours, as he threw his big rival after wrestling 18mins. 20secs. in all. The winner is very skilful and looks like being a credit to England.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

It will be a long day before the 30,000 spectators who attended the England vs. South Africa match forget the memorable struggle. The lighter home forwards made full use of the wind during the first half and unmistakably outplayed the visitors. They ought to have scored ten or twelve points, but the want of co-operation which is always prevalent in English teams selected from a big area, led to many lost opportunities. Players from different clubs are so prone to act on their own and we saw Coates absolutely "starved," whilst Poulton was not backed up in two of his most wonderful runs. The latter defeated the opposition in one fine run and scored between the posts but the attempt of Wodehouse to convert was awful. Later on Poulton again got going and was only overtaken on the line, after beating the full back. It was a lost chance ; as, had one or more of the home men been in support, another try must have resulted. The South Africans drew level through Davies making a faulty pass (the ball going to F. Luyt instead of to F. Stoop). After a little run, Luyt passed to J. Morkel, who got over the line under the goal-posts. This try was also unconverted. During the second half, the visiting forwards asserted themselves, their greater weight enabling them to carry many scrums, once the Englishmen were tired through their great efforts. Even after F. Luyt had to retire, the game went in favour of the Springbuks who stayed on splendidly. It was the accuracy of D. Morkel in kicking which enabled South Africa to win, two penalty kicks being turned to account. Thus both the matches against Wales and England were won by penalty kicks and Morkel is a hero among his colleagues, and rightly so. The Springboks have done what no previous visiting team has accomplished, viz., beaten all four of the home countries—Scotland, Ireland, Wales and England. Another thing they can feel pleased about is their record as a team of sportmen. As Sir Richard Solomon, High Commissioner of South Africa, remarked; "It is a fine thing to win, but even finer to be proud that your opponents call you good sportsmen."

ASSOCIATION.

The performance of Bolton Wanderers in beating Woolwich (5-1) was the highest thing among First-League matches on Saturday. It puts the "Trotters" in the running for the championship, as they are only one point behind Sheffield, Wednesday. The leaders also accomplished a brilliant thing in beating (2-0) Middlesbrough on the latter's ground.

Local rivals in Aston Villa and West Bromwick Albion are neck and neck for third place, both teams being at the top of their form just now.

In other directions, the most notable happenning was the manner Northampton defeated Stoke in a Southern Lague engagement. The home players put on eight goals, and as one of the Stoke men put through his own goal the score almost reached double figures.

THE TURF.

It is a welcome reminder that the flat racing season is drawing nearer when the entries for the Spring Handicaps appear. They are very satisfactory, the Kempton Park Jubilee Handicap in particular having filled well. There are no fewer than 55 nominations, the list including such well-known performers as White Star, Jiregar, Whisk Broom, Catmint, and Long Set. The first and last named also figure among the 43 entrants for the City and Suburban, whilst other noted animals down to run are Lomond, Sir Martin Mustapha, Jingling, Geordie, Spanish Prince and Sunspot.

The Lincolnshire Handicap has attracted 51, and the class is particularly good as illustrated by the following :—Long Set, Mustapha, Spanish Prince, White Star, and St. Nat.

The weights will be published on January 30th, after which turfites will have much to claim their attention.

IN GENERAL.

Money has been posted on behalf of Covey and Johnson for a match for the professional tennis championship.

Friends of W. Albany have expressed willingness to back him against E. Barry for a half-mile sculling race, but the champion declines a trial at anything less than the recognised championship distance.

Sportsmen are now eagerly looking forward to the matches between the Hurlingham team and the United States cracks for the Amemerica polo cup.

Carpentier showed splendid form in his bout with Moreau for the French championship. The referee stopping the contest in the eighth round, when Moreau was helpless.

Two English wins were chronicled at the Cannes lawn tennis tournament. Hope-Crisp and Miss Topham taking the singles for gentlemen and ladies.

It really is too bad that the prestige of England should suffer through a short-sighted policy, to say nothing of the want of appreciation of the many visits from Australian, Canadian, South African and United States swimmers to England.

MOHURRUM RIOT SEQUEL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

Ramjan, a headman, and Behary, were to-day sentenced by the District Magistrate, Rangoon, each to six months' rigorous imprisonment, on a charge of having, on December 19th, during the Mohurrum procession, caused grievous hurt to Police Constable Ashar Singh.

RELICS OF BUDDHA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

An appeal is being made to public for funds for the enshrinement of the holy relics of Buddha, Mandalay Hill, which were entrusted to the Burmese deputation at Peshawar by Lord Minto in March 1910. The erection of a central shrine and subsidiary buildings is estimated to cost more than one lakh of rupees.

LORD SYDENHAM'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 28.

Lord Sydenham, after a stay of one night only at Government House, Lahore, has left for Peshawar, whence he will return to Lahore on Friday.

SUFFRAGETTE ACTIVITY.

HUGE POLICE FORCE FOR WESTMINSTER.

Mrs. Pankhurst Consents to Spare Life.

SEVERAL OUTRAGES AND ARRESTS.

The Debate on the Franchise Bill.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The House of Commons was thronged this afternoon, and a large crowd had gathered outside.

The Speaker, replying to Mr. Asquith, affirmed that if an amendment, designed to graft Women's Suffrage on to the Franchise Bill, were carried, it would be substantially a new Bill, and he would then advise the House to withdraw the Franchise Bill.

Mr. Asquith said it would now be unreal to prolong the discussion, and consequently the Government agreed to drop the Bill. The Government would proceed with the Electoral Reform, Registration and Plural Voting measures within the lifetime of the present Parliament. They would not produce a Women's Suffrage Bill, but if a Private Member's Bill were introduced next session, they would give it facilities, and Ministers and members would be free to vote as they liked. He claimed that the Government, in this manner, had carried out their undertaking, both in letter and spirit.

Mr. Asquith declared that the opinion of the Government had been that in view of precedents, an amendment in the direction of Women's Suffrage would be admitted in Committee. The Government had honestly endeavoured to carry out its pledges. He vigorously denied that there had been anything in the direction of sharp practice. He regretted that the question of Women's Suffrage had not been brought to a division, to which he had looked forward without apprehension. The question now was, what further ought to be done. (Opposition cries of "Go to the country".)

Subsequent speakers, including Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Balfour, generally agreed to the course adopted by the Government as affording the best opportunity for obtaining an unprejudiced vote on Women's Suffrage, but Mr. Bonar Law blamed the Government for failing to anticipate the technical point in procedure.

Mr. Balfour also disputed the Government's right to set up a private Bill on a question on which they were hopelessly divided, and to apply to it all the powerful machinery in their hands.

Sir Edward Grey declared that the Government would be false to their pledges, if they placed a Women's Suffrage measure in a position inferior to that of a Government measure.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain said it was a most serious thing to apply the Parliament Act to a subject so little considered by the electorate.

After further discussion, the closure was adopted by 283 votes to 112, and the Franchise Bill was formally withdrawn.

GUERILLA WARFARE.

In view of Suffragette threats all police leave has been stopped and two thousand constables, with one hundred mounted men, are to be available for duty in Westminster.

Mrs. Pankhurst, speaking at a women's meeting at the London Pavilion to-day, declared guerilla war, and asked for the names of those willing to participate.

Miss Kenney said: "We will make the life of the public impossible. We will attack not only shop windows but something else, if you are not careful."

VANDAL ARRESTED.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

No Suffragette demonstration took place in Parliament-square yesterday, but, late at night, Sylvia Pankhurst was arrested while attempting to damage a mural painting in St. Stephen's Hall.

Mrs. Despard and three others were also arrested when attempting to address a crowd in Trafalgar-square.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

As the Government's decision not to proceed with any electoral Bill will shorten the session by several days, it is expected that Parliament will be summoned to meet again about the 6th March, instead of 13th March.

UNFITNESS OR SCOUNDRELISM.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Mrs. Pankhurst, referring to the proceedings in the House of Commons yesterday evening said that the pledge the Government had given women had been broken and that the famous Reform Bill, which was to give the vote to millions of women, had been withdrawn. Either the framers of the Bill were so ignorant of Parliamentary proeedure, said Mrs. Pankhurst, that they were unfit to occupy any responsible position, or they were scoundrels of worst kind.

Mrs. Pankhurst concluded by making an appeal to the militant Suffargists for assistance. They would respect human life, she said, but thought that they were justified in using all methods adopted in time of war.

RIOT IN POLICE COURT.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

At Bow-street to-day Mrs. Despard was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment in the second division. A number of suffragettes in the Court created a wild uproar and were ejected in disorder. The other suffragettes arrested with Mrs. Despard received similar sentences. All refused the opinion of a fine.

Three suffragettes have been arrested in Dublin for breaking windows in Dublin Castle.

ALLEGED PICKETING.

The following interesting rumour was given publicity during mail week by the London correspondent of the "Yorkshire Post," who wrote:—

"I have the authority of a minister for saying that both Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Lewis Harcourt have picketed the Lobby in the interests of the anti-Suffragists holding over the heads of Liberals the threat of the resignation of these two members of the Cabinet if the women's amendments to the Franchise Bill are carried. This form of peaceful persuasion has given deep offence to prominent Radicals interested in the suffrage amendments.

AUSTRIAN ARCHDUKE DEAD

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The death is announced of the Austrian Arch Archduke duke Rainer.

THE OPIUM DIFFICULTY.

"Times" on Failure of China's Methods.

INDIA'S SHORT-SIGHT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Commenting on a letter from its Peking correspondent, showing that the opium traffic is again steadily growing in many provinces, the difficulties of its suppression, and the methods adopted to enforce the decree, the *Times* says that Great Britain was anxious to assist China in her laudable endeavours, but never expected to find herself associated with ruthless acts such as the execution of obscure peasants, and judicial excesses alienating sympathy and creating dismay abroad. The paper reluctantly shares the belief that the present Chinese Government is unable to suppress the opium traffic.

The *Times* declares that the stopping of sales of opium in Calcutta and Bombay will not ease the financial crisis. It trusts that some honourable and equitable solution will speedily be found. Wholesale violation of the agreement has done more than anything to convince public opinion in Britain that the Central Government in Peking is paralysed. India must be aware that her lack of foresight in spending recent surpluses is about to embarrass her finances very greatly.

FOOD FOR REFLECTION.

The Anti-opium League has the melancholy satisfaction of learning that its efforts have mainly assisted in replacing Indian opium by a far more deleterious, indigenous product. The only consolation is that the British Empire will soon be rid of the obnoxious traffic; but somebody will have to pay.

THE NEW DELHI.

The Problem involved in its Building.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

Lecturing before a large audience at "The Little Theatre," to-day, Mr. Havell argued that whereas in Europe building had for the most part ceased to be an art, it remained so in India, whose craftsmanship was a part of our Imperial assets. The building of the new Delhi was not a problem of style, but the problem of using Indian craftsmanship to the best possible advantage. There was no special technical difficulty connected with its use, which did not occur in Europe. In many ways the Indian problem was easier than the English.

Lord Plymouth, presiding, said the Government of India had a magnificent opportunity to leave a permanent mark on India, worthy of the great traditions of that land.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

Apology for inclusion of Thorpe.

NEW YORK, JAN. 28.

The Indian Thorpe, the winner of the modern Pentathlon and Decathlon at the Olympic Games, has admitted that he played baseball professionally some years ago.

The American Amateur Athletic Union and the Olympic Selection Committee have issued an apology to the Swedish Committee and to the nations of the world, for Thorpe's inclusion in the American team. They promise to secure a return of the prizes, which will go to Sweden and Norway.

AMERICAN POLO CUP.

Precautions on Behalf of British Ponies.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Captain Miller has arrived in New York to arrange about the stabling of the ponies of the polo team, which has challenged for the American Polo Cup. Between thirty and forty ponies will arrive in New York on May 12th, thus spending less than a month in America, before the first match.

It has been found that a long stay in the American climate causes ponies to go off; therefore they are only being given time to recover from the sea trip, in the hope that they will be played in English condition.

RUSSIA IN FINLAND.

President of Viborg Court Acquitted.

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 28.

The President of the Viborg Court, who was among those arrested in connection with the refusal of six Finnish judges to enforce the laws equalising the status of Finns and Russians in Finland, has been acquitted.

Six councillors, five assessors, and twelve temporary members of the court have been sentenced to sixteen months' imprisonment and deprived of their office for ten years.

BUDDHISM IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The Buddhist Society in Britain is advertising for a graduate of a British University, who will proceed to Ceylon to train there as a *bhikshu* for subsequent service in England.

Professor Mills, chairman of the Society, said in an interview that a wealthy gentleman in Ceylon had offered to pay all expenses.

It is proposed to establish Buddhist headquarters in London, with the King of Siam as patron.

QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Queen Wilhelmina started yesterday for the Taunus mountains (in Germany), where her husband is undergoing treatment for neuralgia.

Her Majesty's sudden departure has led to, reports that the Prince is seriously ill.

The outturn report of the Madras Castor crop of 1912-1913 shows the total area sown in ryotwari villages up to the end of November 1912 to be 339,200 acres or 4·6 per cent. less than the area sown in the corresponding period of 1911-1912. The estimated outturn of the crop is 75 per cent. of the normal. Villages other than ryotwari report a total area of 14,700 acres, estimated to yield 78 per cent. of the normal.

MODIFIED HOME RULE.

House of Lords will Reject the Bill.

DIVIDING IRELAND PROPOSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 27.

In the House of Lords this afternoon, began a four days' debate on the second reading of the Home Rule Bill. In view of the certainty of the rejection of the Bill, interest was languid and the attendance only moderate.

Lord Crewe, introducing the measure, foreshadowed that a system of federalism, applicable to Scotland, would follow the passing of the Home Rule Bill. He appealed to their lordships to meditate upon the methods by which, without altogether destroying its substance, the Bill might be made less alarming to the Ulster Unionists. The Government would, in the most careful, earnest and friendly manner, consider any proposal advanced in that spirit.

The Duke of Devonshire, moving the rejection of the Bill, pointed out that the House of Lords, in contradistinction to the House of Commons, possessed the right of free speech and discussion. This Bill would not solve the Irish problem. It would satisfy nobody, and the retention of the Irish members at Westminster would be an obvious absurdity.

A NOTABLE SUGGESTION.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Earl Grey contributed a notable speech to the debate on the Home Rule Bill in the House of Lords. He strongly advocated federalism in the British Isles, but opposed the Bill, because it established a barrier to the appreciation of the federal principle, and would tend to civil war. He appealed to the message of the Unionist leaders, showing that they were prepared to assent to some policy giving Ireland the management of her own affairs on lines more safely promoting the welfare of Ireland and the security of the Empire.

Earl Grey was in favour of dividing Ireland into two provinces, of which North-East Ulster would be one, on the Canadian system. He urged very strongly that Irish questions be settled on lines satisfying the sentiments of the Dominions, where there was almost universal sympathy with Home Rule, and of the United States, thus effecting reconciliations, which would bring, not only to the Empire, but to the whole of the English-speaking race advantages and blessings which were difficult to estimate.

The Earl of Dunraven supported the Bill, believing that devolution was essential to any scheme for the drawing together of the component parts of the Empire.

CHINESE FINANCE.

Proposed Establishment of French Bank.

PEKING, JAN. 28.

While the Six Powers are delaying over the details of the loan, a number of non-British enterprises are maturing. Two Frenchmen have signed an agreement with the Minister of Finance for establishing an "Industrial Bank of China," with a capital of forty-five million francs.

The agreement requires ratification by the National Assembly.

AMERICAN TRUST LAW.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 28.

A Committee of the Senate has reported favourably on the Bill empowering the Government to seize the products of foreign combinations which are declared to be illegal by the Federal Courts.

A Bill has already passed the House of Representatives designed to authorise the seizure of cargoes of the so-called Coffee Trust.

THE MARCONI AGREEMENT.

Reason for Closing with the Company.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The Committee, which is enquiring into the Marconi Agreement, met again to-day. The Secretary to the Post Office pointed out the risk of delay. He emphasised the point that, if the Marconi Company withdrew, and their system were afterwards adopted, it would be difficult to resist the demand for higher terms. He thought it would be a serious mistake to give up a good bargain.

TRADES UNION BILL.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

In the House of Commons to-day, began discussion on the Trades Union Bill.

Sir Rufus Isaacs said that though the funds of the Unions would be exempt with reference to the acts of their officials, yet it was quite a fallacy to argue that individuals would not be individually responsible for their actions.

BOXING.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

The twenty-round boxing match between "Jim" Driscoll and Owen Moran, for the World's Feather-weight Championship, at the National Sporting Club last night, ended in a draw.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE.

BERLIN, JAN. 27.

On the occasion of the Kaiser's birthday, the Crown Prince has been promoted to the rank of Colonel.

SUIT BY ACTRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

At the High Court to-day, before Mr. Justice Fletcher, Messrs. Sanderson and Co., on behalf of Miss Georgie Corlass, stated that the parties had agreed that she should deposit Rs. 500 as security for costs.

His Lordship granted the application.

ARRIVAL OF A STEAM YACHT.

The American yacht, "Columbia," 349 tons, under the command of Captain J.H. Bond, arrived in harbour, yesterday from New York, calling en route at Gibraltar, Naples, Port Said, Perim and Aden with fourteen persons on board.

BALKAN NOTE DELAYED.

Turkey Raising Funds on a Concession.

TREATMENT OF MOSLEMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 27.

Prince Said Halim has been appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Though the Note of the Balkan delegates has been drafted, the meeting of delegates to approve it has been deferred, as the Servians lack instruction. It is understood that it will be considered at a "farewell luncheon" which the Servians are giving to-day, but its presentation will probably be further delayed to give Turkey an opportunity of replying to the Powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 28.

The acting Foreign Minister states that the Turkish reply to the Powers will probably be sent on Friday.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

It is announced in Constantinople that the Porte has signed an agreement with a Syndicate headed by the Deutsche Bank, conveying a concession for a metropolitan railway to the latter, which will immediately advance a considerable sum to the Porte.

LONDON, JAN. 28.

Mr. Asquith, replying to Sir J. D. Rees in the House of Commons to-day, said: "I am aware that the reports of the treatment of Moslems in the territory occupied by Bulgaria and Servia have attracted widespread notice, and the attention of Bulgaria and Servia had been drawn to the matter."

GIBRALTAR, JAN. 28.

H. M. cruiser "Argyll" has been ordered east.

PUNJAB MOSLEM ATTITUDE.

LAHORE, JAN. 28.

A mass meeting of Mahomedans, numbering over five thousand, was held this evening in the gardens near Mochi Gate, Lahore. It was presided over by Mr. Mahomed Ali, editor of "The Comrade," Delhi, who was also the principal speaker.

The object of the meeting was to submit to the British Government the desirability of remaining absolutely neutral in connection with the Turkish crisis, and so acting that nobody, least of all Indian Mahomedans, might think that England, as the greatest Mahomedan power, had contributed to the humiliation of the Mahomedan power which represented the Caliphate of Islam. A resolution was passed to that effect. Other speakers addressed the meeting and there was great enthusiasm

THE DELHI OUTRAGE.

Bombay Police said to have a Clue.

It is generally rumoured in Bombay that the City Police have found a clue to the perpetrators of the Bomb Outrage at Delhi. A gang of Brahmins, who are described as an offshoot of the Nasik Conspiracy, in which Mr. Jackson was murdered, are said to be suspected. The police authorities, however, are reticent on the subject.

Mr. F. M. H. Vincent, M.V.O., Deputy Commissioner of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, Bombay, has been appointed Deputy Director, Criminal Intelligence Department, India. Mr. Vincent will join his new appointment at Delhi by February 1st.

FATALITY ON PARADE.

Captain dies during Gallop Past.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANKIPUR, JAN. 28.

A sad fatality was reported at the Behar Light Horse parade at Muzaffarpur, on Sunday last, when, in a gallop past, Captain Barton, aged sixty-three, District Engineer, Darbhanga, one of the best known Europeans in Tirhut, died from heart failure.

Two hundred men were on parade, which was attended by Sir Charles Bayley, and Sir Brian Mahon.

PIG-STICKING ACCIDENTS.

Members of the Viceroy's Staff injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 28.

Two members of the Viceregal Staff have met with accidents, while pig-sticking near Rajpur. Captain Astor has broken his shin-bone above the ankle, and Major Fraser has dislocated his shoulder.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, JAN. 28.

Capt. Hayne, Northampton Regiment, Superintendent of Physical Training, succeeds Capt. Gordon as Inspector of Physical Training, Southern Army, on 4th March next.

Lieut.-Col. Taylor, 7th Gurkhas, is appointed Commandant of the 1st Battalion of that Regiment.

Major Cunningham, 101st Grenadiers, becomes Commandant of that Regiment in April next, when Col. Betham vacates.

Lieut. Daly, 22nd Pioneers, is appointed to the Supply and Transport Corps, from 20th January.

Lt.-Col. Napier, Royal Garrison Artillery, Shoeburyness, is appointed to the command of the Royal Garrison Artillery, at Rurki, and embarks for India on 12th February.

Lieut.-Col. Warren, Royal Garrison Artillery is posted to the command of the Royal Garrison Artillery, Aden, vice Lieut.-Col. Noble, transferred to the Home Establishment.

Capt. the Hon. H. E. Joicey, 14th Hussars, is appointed to the Northern Cavalry Depot, vice Maj. Applin, who rejoins his regiment next month.

Capt. Ballingall, 12th Royal Field Battery, is transfered to the Home Establishment.

BOMBAY STATION ORDERS.

BY COLONEL W R MARSHALL.

The R. I. M. S. "Hardinge" is expected to arrive in harbour on the afternoon of the 31st January with draft and details.

RANGOON MURDER CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

The hearing of the charge of murder of a head constable of the police, against E. Davenport (Denmark?), a soldier, was to-day deferred to Thursday by Mr. Justice Hartnoll at the Chief Court Sessions.

THE VICEROY.

Slow-Healing Wound and Neuritis.

A CHANGE TO THE HILLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, JAN. 28.

The Viceregal Lodge bulletin issued to-day states:—In consequence of his Excellency the Viceroy's weak state of health and the presence of an unhealed wound, the duty of opening the Legislative Council yesterday was only carried out by the exercise of great effort. His Excellency was in consequence much fatigued, but has passed a good night.

The wound is not progressing quite as rapidly as it should, this being possibly due to the presence of a small portion of dead bone or foreign body. An examination by X-rays will again shortly be necessary. The neuritis previously reported does not at present show signs of abatement.

As a complete rest for a further considerable period of time is absolutely essential, the Viceroy, accompanied by Lady Hardinge, is proceeding to Dera Dhun, where, it is hoped, the change will accelerate his Excellency's recovery. Bulletins will be issued from time to time from Dera Dhun.

THANK-OFFERINGS.

DELHI, JAN. 28.

An additional sum of Rs. 5,000 has been received by her Excellency Lady Hardinge, as a thank-offering from Rai Saheb Sirdar Narain Singh of Delhi, on the occasion of the Viceroy's first public appearance since the attempt upon his life. Of the amount, Rs. 2,500 will be spent on the Lady Hardinge Cottage Home, Simla, and Rs. 2,500 for general charitable purposes.

The following additional sums have been placed at his Excellency the Viceroy's disposal for charitable purposes, as thank-offerings on the occasion of his first public appearance since the attempt upon his life:— H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala, Rs. 5,000; H. H. the Regent of Jodhpur, Rs. 5,000; H. H. the Maharaja of Jind, Rs. 5,000; and H. H. the Begum of Bhopal, Rs. 5,000. These sums will for the present be credited to Lady Hardinge's General Charitable Fund.

LAHORE LADIES.

LAHORE, JAN. 28.

Sarala Devi Choudhurani has convened a meeting of Indian ladies, to be held at Government House, on the 31st, to express thanks and congratulations at the escape of Lady Hardinge, and the recovery of his Excellency the Viceroy. Lady Dane will preside.

MEETING AT BROACH.

A public meeting of the women of Broach was held on the 24th instant in the Sir Shapurji Broacha Hall, under the Presidency of Lady Asmat Panah Sardarni Bai Saheb Ishwaribai, wife of Sardar Rao Bahadur Motilal Chunilal. About 400 ladies attended, of whom some 100 were Parsis, about half a dozen Europeans and the remainder hundred Hindus. Ten Hindu five Parsi and one Christian ladies proposed, seconded and supported the various resolutions. All the speakers were unanimous in the expression of abhorrence of the perpetrator of the bomb outrage, sympathy for his Excellency the Viceroy and praise for Lady Hardinge for displaying courage, fortitude and presence of mind during her hour of trial. Subscription were collected, which, together with a copy of the resolutions adopting the address to be presented to her Excellency Lady Hardinge and thanking Lady Sydenham for kindly inviting the women of Broach to join in the All-India women's movement, will be submitted through Mrs. Rothfield, wife of the Collector.

REPLIES TO ARMY PENSIONERS.

Rai Bahadur Bhuraya Julaya Sirdar Bahadur, Hon. Secretary the Indian Military Pensioners' Association, Poona, has received the following telegram and letter:—"Many thanks for message of sympathy sent by the members, which will be duly laid before the Viceroy. I am sure he will greatly appreciate it. Viceroy progressing satisfactorily.—Private Secretary, Viceroy."

From the Private Secretary to the Governor of Bombay—"I am desired by H. E. the Governor to acknowledge the receipt of your message of congratulations on his elevation to the peerage and to say that H. E. appreciates the kindly congratulations of the pensioners, for whom, as an old soldier, he feels special affections."

BOMBAY EAST INDIANS.

The following telegram was sent by the Honorary Secretary of the Bombay East Indian Association to the Private Secretary to his Excellency the Viceroy at Delhi. "Bombay East Indian Association on behalf of community rejoices at the Viceroy's first public appearance after outrage."

TRIPLE MURDER.

Man Shows himself to Repeat his Crime.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 28.

A Kotagiri correspondent writes under date 27th January:—

The inhabitants of this quiet little station were startled and horrified yesterday morning, when the news spread that Maraduchellum Pillay, a well-known merchant and general agent had been stabbed to death at midnight, at his house in the bazar.

A relative of Maraduchellum Pillay's, from the low country, who was staying with him and who is said to have borne him a grudge over a question of property, was suspected to have committed the crime. The unfortunate victim received so many stabs, on his head as well as his body, that he died almost immediately.

The miscreant disappeared, taking his knife with him. Policemen were promptly despatched to the nearest railway stations to try to capture, but failed to find him. On the weekly shandy day, at about 2 p. m., when the market was crowded, the culprit rushed out of a thicket close by the bazar, where he had hidden himself, and stabbed a man and a woman. Before he could do further mischief, the police succeeded in overpowering him, and snatched the deadly weapon out of his hand. The victims are all relatives of the murderer, and it appears that he intended to kill some others also.

VICEREGAL LODGE NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, JAN. 28.

The Hon. Mr. E. Montagu, M.P., the Hon. Mr. L. Montagu, and Mr. Peel, left Viceregal Lodge to-day.

The Earl of Sandwich will leave Viceregal Lodge to-day.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Hardinge will leave Viceregal Lodge for Dehra Dun this evening.

Lady Cleveland left Viceregal Lodge yesterday.

Gas under high pressure is by far the cheapest and most powerful illuminant known and is particularly suitable for mills, big shops, godowns, railway stations, all large open spaces and streets.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

Englishmen needed in all High Posts.

COMMISSIONERS FOR C. P.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The Public Services Commission resumed its sitting to-day.

The first witness, Mr. J. C. Shorrock, President of the Bengal Bank, suggested that candidates for the Civil Service should be first selected, and then required to compete. He was opposed to a simultaneous examintion in India. He advocated that all the highest posts in the Public Services should be held by Englishmen.

The second witness, the Hon. Mr. A. W. C. Chaplin, tea planter, was not in favour of simultaneous Civil Service examinations. He considered that it was essential to fix a minimum of the European element in the Civil Service, and that this should be maintained. He said that the present proportion of Englishmen in the higher posts should not be reduced.

The third witness, Mr. Abdul Majid, said that for the present the Civil Service examination need not be held simultaneously in India and England until there was a larger solidarity among the various peoples of India. He advocated that a certain proportion of the officers in the Civil Service be selected from among the Provincial Service. He could not advocate the separation of the executive and judicial functions.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The last witness to-day, Mr. Surendranath Banerjea, suggested the holding of simultaneous Civil Service examinations in England and India. He recommended that half the appointments in the judicial branch should be recruited from among lawyers. He was in favour of appointing statutory civilians, and also the promotion of officers from the Provincial Service to listed posts. Regarding the Provincial Service, he suggested both competition and nomination for the recruitment of officers.

The following gentlemen have been co-opted as Assistant Commissioners of the Royal Commission on the Public Services for its sittings in the Central Provinces: Mr. Bertram Prior Standen, Officiating Commissioner, Berar; Mr. Mahdi Hussan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Jubbulpore; and Rao Bahadur Kashinnath Keshav Thakur, District and Sessions Judge, West Berar Division.

DATES FOR RANGOON.

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

The Public Service Commission will open session in the Secretariat on Wednesday, the 5th February. The members will return to Calcutta on the 11th to take the evidence of the Assam witnesses. In Rangoon, the Commission will be augmented by the addition of the Hon. Mr. H. Thompson, Financial Commissioner to the Government of Burma, and two Burma Extra Assistant Commissioners.

CALCUTTA HERSELF AGAIN.

Tradesmen No Longer Fear the Future.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The annual dinner of the Trades Association took place this evening, and there was a record attendance. His Excellency Lord Carmichael was the chief guest.

In reply to the toast of the guests, Mr. W. Smith, the Master, in proposing "Calcutta and its Trade," said that, twelve months ago, they were troubled with misgivings for the future of Calcutta, but he thought that he was correct in saying that the dejection of a year ago had to be searched for diligently to-day. Trade had not suffered, and there was no evidence of the blow Calcutta received to its prestige.

STUDY OF SANSKRIT.

Examination Board's first Convocation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The first convocation of the Board of Sanskrit Examinations, to confer titles on Sanskrit students, was held to-day. Degrees were conferred on a large number of students by his Excellency Lord Carmichael. Sir Ashutosh Mookerjee, president of the Board, said that, since the establishment of the Board of Sanskrit Examinations, four years ago, the total number of candidates had increased from between four and five thousand, to ten thousand a year.

BOMB OUTFIT FOUND.

Suspicious Visitors to Karachi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 28.

It is reported that materials for manufacturing a bomb have been found in or near a Hindu temple on the banks of the Lyari River, in Karachi, writes the *Sind Gazette*. The possible significance of such a discovery at a time when the Governor of Bombay has just been on a visit to Karachi, and will soon be passing through Karachi again, need not be exaggerated; but it is stated that, just before his Excellency's arrival in Karachi, some Mahrattas from the Deccan suddenly discovered that they had business in Karachi.

BURMA LAUNCH DISASTER.

More Lives Lost than First Supposed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

Later information in connection with the launch disaster states that seventy lives were lost. A large number of corpses have been brought to the bank, and the identification work is occasioning pitiful scenes.

FIRE AT BHOWNAGAR

Our Bhownagar correspondent writes:—A fire occurred near the railway station in Bhownagar on the evening of the 26th, when a shop was burnt down, involving the loss of Rs. 800. Had this fire spread to the adjacent Durbar Utara, damage would probably have been done to the extent of Rs. 25,000.

THE BANK OF BURMA.

Accused Committed to High Court Sessions.

CHARGE OF CHEATING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

The District Magistrate of Rangoon, late this afternoon, committed Messrs. S. A. Mower, G. S. Clifford, late directors, and R. F. Strachan, late general manager of the Bank of Burma, to stand their trial at the Chief Court Sessions, Rangoon, on charges of cheating.

LATER.

The charges, on which the three accused in the Bank of Burma case are committed to the Chief Court Sessions, relate to the accused having knowingly misrepresented to the public the state of the Bank's affairs by a false balance-sheet for the half-year ending June 30th, 1911, and by continued advertisement of the Bank as a prosperous and going concern up to the eve of its close; thereby dishonestly inducing certain depositors to make or renew their deposits.

THE AGRA MURDER TRIALS.

Mohan Charged with Burglary Also.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, JAN. 28.

The case of the accused Mohan, the alleged murderer of Mrs. Clarke, was called on for hearing before Mr. Ormerod, Joint Magistrate, to-day, when Mr. Williamson, Superintendent of Police, applied for an adjournment, which was granted. The case will be heard on the 3rd February.

Mr. Williamson also charged Mohan under section. 437, I. P. C., with having committed burglary in ordnance bungalows on the night of the 28th November 1912, ten days after the murder of Mrs. Clark. This case against Mohan will be taken up on the 4th February.

BURMA RAILWAYS.

Proposals in Regard to Shan States Line.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 28.

To-day Mr. Wood, member of the Railway Board, met the representatives of the Trades Association, and later in the afternoon, of the Chamber of Commerce, with whom he discussed various matters regarding the railways of the province.

Amongst others the subject of the Southern Shan States Railway was dealt with. One proposal was that the new line should be managed by staff of its own and not by the Burma Railway administration. Another proposal was that a light step be constructed for the railway for the sake of economy in the first cost and in haulage charges. This has been strenuously opposed as it would mean transhipment at Thazi.

THEFT OF A COUNT'S BAG.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 28.

The *Englishman* reports that Count von Rosen of Sweden, was robbed of a handbag containing Rs. 400, a gold watch and some important private papers from his compartment at Waltair, while travelling from Madras to Calcutta on Sunday. The police have no clue.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Encouragement of Yachting.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is rather interesting to recall the fact that the Royal Bombay Yacht Club originally received its Royal Charter on the condition that it should promote and encourage yachting on the West Coast of India. Certainly it promoted it, but what about encouragement? Probably not more than five per cent. of the members of the Club are yachtsmen, and a still smaller percentage are yacht owners.

Of course the Club cannot make yachtsmen against their will, nor, equally of course, can it limit its membership to yachtsmen, but surely it is up to the Club to do all it can for the sport.

In the Royal Ostend Yacht Club there are many would-be yachtsmen, who are unable to afford to buy yachts, and, in order to encourage such members, a syndicate of well-to-do men club together and build a number of small yachts. Any member can have one of these yachts on payment of a quarter the cost, the other three quarters being payable at intervals of one year. Of course the member must pay all running expenses and entrance fees, and any prize-money he may win is credited to his account. Should he leave or be transferred the yacht is handed back to the syndicate and resold to another member, the amount already paid of course being forfeited and credited to the yacht's account. In this way each yacht is paid for in four years at the very outside, and, if any prize-money is won, before that period has elapsed.

Why cannot the Royal Bombay Yacht Club adopt some such scheme? In order to put it on a business footing, interest could be charged on the outlay; and there is no doubt as to there being plenty of members as keen as mustard on yacht-racing and yet unable to afford the whole initial expense of a yacht.

A scheme of this kind would give a great impetus to yachting and should be worthy of the consideration of the Committee.—Yours, etc.,

YACHTSMAN.

Bombay, January 28.

OPHTHALMOLOGICAL AUTHORITY IN BOMBAY.

Amongst the passengers of s.s. "President" arrived last Saturday in Bombay was one of the foremost ophthalmological scientists of Berlin, Prof. Franz F. Krusius, Doctor, Med. and Chir., who has been sent by the Imperial German Government on a scientific mission to the tropical countries and the Far East, with the object of studying the ophthalmological deceases as well as the anomalies of refraction and equint, predominent there.

We understand that this authority is willing to be consulted as expert by the medical faculty of Bombay, should difficult or complicated cases demand his presence.

Prof. Franz F. Krusius, Doctor, Med. and Chir., stays in the Taj Mahal Hotel, and will be free for consultations daily between 6 and 7 p. m. This eminent eye-specialist will leave Bombay for Delhi and Calcutta on the 4th February.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Annual Inspection of Works in Progress.

ANTICIPATED SURPLUS.

The Chairman and Trustees of the Bombay Port, yesterday, invited a number of leading citizens, merchants, and members of the commercial community of Bombay to join them in the annual inspection of their works in progress.

The following Trustees were present :—

The Hon. Mr. F. L. Sprott (Chairman), Messrs. Nasrvoji Jehangir Garmadia, Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, H. E. Greaves, M. M. S. Gubbay, P. E. Cadell, D. Carmichael, Lakhamsee Nappoo, Devidas Madhowji Thakersey, Major H. A. L. Hepper, R. Woolcombe, The Hon. Sir Sassoon David, Mr. A. H. Broome.

Amongst the guests the following were present:—Sir Adamji Peerbhoy, Messrs. G. B. Adamson, R. Aitken, Amroodia Tyebji, W. C. Anderson, H. A. Armstrong, P. J. Arnot, T. Avery, Capt. Augur, Messrs. Balkrishnaji Bhagwanji, Balvantrao Ramchandra Madgavkar, Fitz G. Beale, Behramji Navroji Gamadia, Bhatidas Narotamdas, Bhimji Kara, T. W. Birkett, H. A. W. Brent, A. Brent, J. D. Bradbery, J. F. P. Bisacre, A. M. Brigstocke, J. W. Brown, R. Paterson Brown, C. L. Burns, C. H. Byrne, A. R. Barney, Bhawanidas Narandas, Bhagwandas Madhowdas, J. A. Brandon, H. Batty, W. H. Brady ; the Hon. Mr. G. Carmichael, Mr. R. Carruthers, Senhor A. Casanova, Sir Cawasji Jehangir, Messrs. Chaterbhuj Gordhandas, Chaturbhuj Saivji, the Hon. Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalwad, Messrs. J. P. Chrystal, L. Combe, E. Combes, Dr. G. Coreo, Messrs. A. Craigie, P. W. Cresswell, C. H. M. Critchley, Cursetji N. Wadia, Chotalal Mangaldas, Cursetji Muncherji Panaji, Currimsey Damji, Rao Bahadur, Chunilal Vijbhuvandas, Lieut.-Col. J. Crimmin, Chhabildas Lokamidas ; Captain E. F. Daldy, Messrs. J. J. Damala, W. Denza, the Hon. Dr. D. D'Monte, Major W. H., Dickinson, I.M.S., Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Messrs. E. A. Doren, Dunn, G. Owen, Dwarkadas Ramji, A. K. Donald, Djafar Bey ; P. Eccles, Editor, "Akbar-i-Islam," Editor "Bombay Gazette," Editor "Bombay Samachar," Editor "Duyshu Prakasha," Editor "Jam-e Jamshed," Editor "Sanj Vartaman," Editor "Times of India," S. M. Edwardes, Capt. A. Ericson, Messrs. J. E. Ezra ; Furdoonji Cawasji Patell, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, Messrs. G. Ferrero, W. J. K. Foulker, Fazul D. Allana ; Ganpatrao Shamrao, R. H. Gahagan, the Hon. Mr. Goculdas K. Parekh, Goculdas Juvraj, Gopalji Waljí Sunderji, Gordhandas Kessondas, H. P. Gorrie A. T. Graham, Gulamhusen Currimbhoy, J. S. Gratton, Capt. G. D. Grant, Gordhandas Ranchordas ; W. D. Hall, F. E. Hardcastle, Harkisondas Vandrawandas, Haridas Hemraj, Haridas Morarji, F. Harrison, Dr. F. Heyer, Messrs. H. Holmes, H. H. Hood, Capt. E. J. C. Borders, Messrs. E. D. Hughes, C. Hummel, E. H. H. Hopkins, Capt. T. Hori. T. Ikuk'yama, D. M. Inglis, K. Iwasaki, Sardar Ishwardas Jugjiwandas, Jaimarayan ; Hindumul Dani, Jamnadas Sunderji, the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jejibhoy, Messrs. Jamsetji Navroji Gamadia, Jayarukhlal Krishnalal Mehta, Jehangir Janowlisar, Jehangir Somanji Petit, Jehangir Fardunji Karaka, Jehangir Navroji Gamadia, Sir Jagmohandas Vurjiwandas, Messrs. Jiwandas Pitambar, Jaithabhai Waljí ; Kanayalal Rauchodbhai, Kalianji Damoder, Kashinath Narayan, Kavasji Dadabhoy, Khan Bahadur, R. Kids, S. Kidsle, Kikabhai Premchand, Lieut.-Col. N. Kirby, O. J. Kirkegolm, Chief Engineer. T. H. Knight, Kursondas Muljí, P. Y. Keene, A. S. Knowler, Karsondas Premji, ; the Hon. Sir Richard A. Lamb, Messrs. Lakhmidas Purshottam, A. T. Laing, Lalji Govindji, Lalshanker Herprasad, W. A. Lattey, W. Lengacher, Major W. G. Listen, Messrs. Low, Austin, Low, Stuart. Capt. D. F. Macdonald, Mr. James Macdonald, Engineer E. R. Macferson, Messrs. J. W. Mackison, Madhowji Thakersey, Mahomedbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy, R. E. Mant, The Hon. Mr. Ramji Mannoohandas, Mr. Mathuradas Gordhandas, The Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain, Messrs. McKenzie, G. Kannets, the Hon. Mr. Justice N. C. McLeod, Messrs. J. R. Martin, Metz, H. Charles, Capt. J. G. E. Metcalfe, Don Jose. Meanse, Messrs. Otto Meyer, J. Stuart Milne, J. S. Wardlaw Milne, Mirza Ali Akbar khan, Mirza Mahomed Shirazi, M. A. W. Mishari, Muljí Haridas, T. D. Moore, Morarji Vusonji Munji, Muljí Karsandas, J. Muller, O. Y. Muller, B. Mundy, J. Murdoch, Muljí Khatso, Mahomedbhai Nansee Khairaz, Khan Bahadur Meher Hoosung Dastoor, C. Morris, J. K. T. Mathews, Megnji Valabhdas, Nanabhai Talakchund, Purshotamdas Narandas, Naranji Haribhai, E. J. Norton, N. Wadia, Nasserwanji, Flag, Capt. R. A. Nugent, Narayan G. Welinker, Narratum Morarji Goculdas, W. H. Ogston, Chief Engineer F. Olford, W. Adams Oram, Mr. A. C. Owen ; H. E. Rear Admiral R. H. Peirse, Peroshaw Rustomji Patell, The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, Messrs. Pherozshah M. Dalal, P. G. Pollard, Mr. F. Fordock, Captain W. Pott, Pranjivandas Narandas, Major E. E. Preston, Messrs. A. B. Price, E. Prophet, Purbhudas Jewandas, Purshottam Kanji, Purshottamdas Thakordas, H. M. Phipson, Ramji Narverji, Ranchordas Thackersey, Ratan J. Tata, the Hon. Mr. M. Reid, Messrs. Revashanker Jagjiwan, J. R. Reynolds, F. S. Richardson, F. C. Rimington, J. L. Rien, A. M. Ross, E. F. Rowden, A. C. Rumbold, C. Ross, John Rykom, Capt. J. A. Robertson, Messrs. E. L. Sale, J. Sanders-Slater, Captain W. Sewell, Mr. A. D. Shanks, Sir Shapurji B. Broacha, Messrs. T. Sharples, W. C. Sheppard, W. N. Shilstone, Sorabji Navroji Gamadia, J. Spinner, H. P. Stringefellow, Sultan Vshivji, Syed Samsoodin Kadri, Flag Lieut H. Swittle-Wright, A. Strander, Capt. Schuett, Messrs. J. B. Suttor, H. E. Stanton, S. N. Pandit, Newman Taylor, H. Terrmann, Count Egon Thurn, B. Tilsmann, A. M. Tod, Capt. G. J. Todd, Mr. Tribhawandas Mangaldas, Capt. U. H. S. Tocque, Messrs. Tribhowandas Veerjiwandas, Tejao Kanajee, Dr. E. F. Underwood, Valabdas Chaturbhuj Shivji, Vasanji Naronji, Veljí Muljí, C. J. Vernon, Vinayek Ramchandra Laxmunji, The Hon. Mr. Vithalbhai Javerbhai Patel, The Hon. Sir Vithaldas D. Thakersey, Messrs. L. Volkart, Vassonji Purseottam, Vithaldas Damodhar, Waljí Sunderji, Stanley Walker, J. F. Watson, J. G. Weber, Mr. H. H. White, A. H. Whyte, H. Williams, R. A. Willis, C. I. Wilson, G. R. Wilson, C. C. Watson, Capt. H. J. Wallis, Messrs. C. B. Watkins, E. Yeo, J. S. Young.

The following Trustee's officers also attended :—Messrs. S. E., Secretary, J. Hart, Chief Accountant, Tyers, J. A. Cherry, Deputy Accountant C. M. Hanson, Deputy Secretary, Commdr. St. J. Port O. fficer Warden, Commdr. S. D. Assistant Port Officer Vale, Messrs. P. Glynn Merseat Chief Engineer, A. C. W., Deputy Engineer Fosberry, L. H. Deputy Engineer Sattle, A. Traffic Manager Panton, E. Y. Dock Superintendent Watson, Dr. A. Medical Officer to the Board Powell, P. T. Shivdas Parmanandas Medical Officer Dispensary, Dr. N. A. F. Moos Director Govt. Observatory, Messrs. H. E. Dock Master Johnson, and W. S. Harbour Master Hoseason.

Luncheon was provided for the guests at Ballard Pier at 2 p.m. and the party started for the inspection at 3 p.m.. Two sets of works were inspected, and, as it was not possible to inspect both, the company was divided.

The works which were visited included the suction dredgers "Jinga" and "Kalu" at work on the Mazagon Sewri Reclamation and the New Docks Works, Mody Bay. Launches were provided for the party inspecting the dredging work, and a railway train conducted the party, who inspected the New Docks Works.

The inspection occupied about an hour and a half, and the party returned to the Pier Head about 5-30 in the afternoon.

A short description of the works is given below:

THE NEW DOCKS AT MODY BAY.

The Alexandra Dock, which has a water area of nearly 50 acres and a mean depth of 37ft., is capable of accommodating steamers of the largest size. The entrance lock, which is 750ft., long between the sills and 100ft. wide, has a depth of water of 23ft. over the outer sill at lowest ordinary spring tides and 37ft. 3ins. at high water ordinary spring tides. So that steamers not more than 750ft. long, drawing 32ft. of water, can be locked through to the dock at any state of the tide. Vessels of greater length than 750ft. will have to wait for high water when both gates are opened. It is proposed to make a communication passage between the Alexandra Dock and the Victoria Dock, 80ft. wide at either end. All vessels for Victoria and Prince's Docks will then enter through the lock entrance of Alexandra Dock. The berths, each 600ft. long, will be provided in pairs. Inside the dock there are 17 berths, 8ft. in length. These berths will be equipped with hydraulic cranes and transit shed accommodation varying from 3-storeyed sheds, 400ft. long by 120ft. wide, to single storeyed sheds 400ft. long by 100ft. wide. Railway sidings run between the quay and the sheds; also behind the sheds. On the harbour wall there is a quay 3,000ft. long, equipped with hydraulic cranes and transit sheds. The north end of this quay is intended for a trooping berth. It is intended to use the south end of the mole which runs for 1,500 ft. south of the entrance lock as a mail steamer berth, where all passengers will be landed and embarked. There is to be a terminal station building with arrangements for sorting passengers' baggage. The mail trains will start from this station with up-country passengers and mails shortly after the arrival of the mail steamers. The northern end of the harbour wall is to be extended so as to join up with the south side of the entrance to Victoria Dock, thus providing additional berths for coasting steamers. The Hughes Dry Dock, which is 1,000 ft. long, with an entrance of 100ft. in width, is situate on the south side of the dock. This dry dock has 3 central caisson grooves as well as the one at its entrance, and is provided with 3 sets of keel blocks, so that while it is capable, when used as one dock, of accommodating the largest steamer afloat, it can be made available for 4 vessels up to 460 ft. in length, being dry-docked at the same time. The whole dock area is provided with a system of railway sidings, some 26 miles in length, where waggons can be sorted for the various berths and import cargo collected before being sent on to the various railways running out of Bombay. The sidings will be connected to the Port Trust Railway by lines on the east and west of the docks. Hydraulic power will be used for working the cranes, dock gate machinery, transit shed lifts, capstans, etc., special arrangements having been made in the Carnac engine house to provide the necessary power. The contract for the masonry and excavation has been let to Messrs. Price, Wills and Reeves, the time for the completion of the work being now fixed for June 1st, 1912. The dock gates have been provided by Messrs. Head, Wrightson and Company, the two floating caissons by Messrs. Palmer's Shipbuilding and Iron Co., while Messrs. Armstrong & Co. are providing all the hydraulic machinery. A floating crane, to lift 60 tons, will be part of the equipment of the Dock. The ironwork for six transit sheds is in course of erection by Messrs. Richardson & Cruddas, and a start has been made on the masonry of the superstructure by Messrs. Sopaji Nagoji & Co., Messrs. Surrafali Mamoojee & Co., and Messrs. Teju Kaya & Co. In order to provide a channel 24 ft. deep at low water, it is necessary to remove the Flag Staff Shoal, 1,300 ft. by 600 ft., which work is being done departmentally by means of special drilling barges and blasting; the blasted material being afterwards removed by dredgers. The foundation-stone of the Alexandra Dock was laid by H. M. The King Emperor, then Prince of Wales, on November 13th 1905. By December 31st, 1912, eight and a half years after the commencement of Messrs. Price, Wills and Reeve's contract, 91 per cent. of the masonry and 89 per cent. of the excavation were completed. The erection of the storm gates and the outer gates is completed, and the erection of the inner gates is in hand. The erection of the pumps for the Dry Dock is well forward. The foundations for nine transit sheds are completed and the steel-work in the superstructure of six sheds is in hand. The foundation for another shed and the masonry in the superstructure of six sheds are in hand. The total estimated cost, including the new communication passage, is Rs. 5,86,43,570, or say £3,909,571.

MAZAGON-SEWRI RECLAMATION.

This important work was inaugurated by his Excellency Lord Sydenham, Governor of Bombay, on the 23rd December 1907. The Reclamation will provide additional accomodation for the increasing trade requirements of the port, including very extensive depots for the grain and seed (covering about 162 3-4 acres) and cotton trades. The provision for cotton will secure the transfer of the Cotton Green from Colaba, whereby a large area of land suitable for residential building sites will be set free and from the present system of carting cotton bales to and from the docks through the main thoroughfares of the city will be abolished. The proposed Cotton Green and godowns will cover about 166 acres, with 182 1-2 acres available for future extension. The present greens and godowns at Colaba occupy 62 acres. Unloading sidings with accommodation for 700 wagons are to be provided, in addition to ample running lines, as compared with sidings to hold 154 wagons at Colaba at present. The Reclamation will be in touch on the landward side with the Harbour Branch Railway for a length of nearly two miles, while the other three sides will front the harbour, and afford a wharf-frontage of nearly 1 1-2 miles. The total area of the Reclamation, including the new timber ponds provided in place of the present ponds, will be 596 acres, of which 525 acres will be land actually recovered from the sea, the balance being low-lying land to be raised to a level for effective use. The whole area reclaimed will have a surface of good moorum, and will be completed with the necessary roads, approaches, drainage, etc. The entire works, inclusive of the new timber ponds, sidings sheds, roads and drainage, are estimated to cost about Rs. 388 lakhs, or say £2,586,666 sterling. The Reclamation is being carried out by pumping mud from the bottom of the harbour by means of two powerful self-propelling suction dredgers, the "Jinga" and the "Kalu," specially built for the purpose by the well-known firm of Messrs. Simons and Company, of Renfrew. These dredgers were commenced in November 1907, and they arrived in Bombay in November 1908. Their dimensions are length 205 feet over all and beam 42 feet, and they have been designed to dredge 2,700 tons of material per hour each and to discharge their spoil through a floating pipe line, 39 in diameter fitted with steel ball-and-socket joints, and land pipes, to a distance of 4,500 feet from the side of each dredger. The two vessels with the pipe-lines have cost £170,000 or Rs. 25,50,000. The area to be reclaimed is being divided up by banks of stone and moorum into enclosures of a convenient size, to pump the mud into. This work was begun in Feoruary 1907, and the total length of banks completed up to the end of December 1912 was 26,420 lineal feet. The dredgers started work on December 19th, 1908, and January 8th, 1909, respectively. Owing to the shallow water near the shore, it was necessary to dredge channels from the deeper water before the dredgers could get near enough to discharge through the floating pipe-lines into the enclosures formed by the banks. While these channels, which are on the sites of the permanent quay-walls were being dredged, the spoil was discharged through the floating pipe-lines on to the open foreshore within the area of the Reclamation. The dredger "Kalu," commenced to pump into the enclosure on May 12th and the "Jinga" on June 16th.

A length of 588 feet of the outer wall of the Reclamation on the south side has been built, the foundations being taken down to the hard bottom.

The remainder of the walling, where there is a greater depth of mud over the hard bottom, is being founded on a mound of rubble deposited in a dredged trench. A length of 1,187 feet of this kind of walling has been completed on the east side and 1,267 feet on the south side. Rubble is being procured from the Port Trust quaries at Elephanta. Considerable areas of land have been acquired at Sewri on the mainland and Anik across the harbour, and quarries for moorum have been opened upon them.

THE FINANCIAL POSITION.

The financial position of the Trust may be judged from the fact that in framing their estimates of revenue for the current year 1912-13 the Trustees took into account the partial failure of the monsoon of 1911 as likely to affect the staple items of the trade of the port, and the receipts were estimated at approximately the same as the actuals for 1910-11 (Rs. 86·93 lakhs). If the present favourable conditions continue it is anticipated that the estimates will, however, be considerably exceeded, and that a surplus of receipts over expenditure amounting to about Rs. 10 lakhs will be realised. The Revenue Reserve Fund will then stand at about Rs. 88 1-2 lakhs.

"INDUSTRIES AND POWER."

Among the principal contents of the current number of "Indian Industries and Power," in which railway matters predominate, is a review of the past year's progress in engineering, an article on the structure of cotton, and several papers on Japan. The Indian motor news section is full of interest.

LITTLE SPELLS of fever, Little Chills so bland,
Make the mighty graveyard and the angel band,
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then,
Keeps a man healthy in a fever den.
Of all chemists and stores in India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

MORTGAGEE'S CLAIM.

Arbitrator found Guilty of Misconduct.

A BSOLVED IN APPEAL.

The case in which Haji Ahammad Hassam sued Essaji Tajbhoy for the recovery of a large sum of money in connection with certain joint transactions, which had first been decided by arbitrators and then by Mr. Justice Davar, was finally adjudged upon an appeal by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar in the High Court, sitting as an Appellate Bench.

This was an appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice Davar, delivered on a motion. The suit had been filed on 11th October 1910, as a short cause. The plaintiff was the mortgagee of several immoveable properties belonging to the defendant, and he sought to recover Rs. 5,69,166.

The plaintiff relied on an alleged adjustment of accounts which took place on 31st August 1910, whereby Rs. 5,71,770 was found due by the defendant to the plaintiff.

The defendant disputed its genuineness and stated that the adjustment had been obtained by false and fraudulent representations, and was not binding on him, and he counter-claimed that the plaintiff might be ordered to restore the mortgaged properties to the defendant after payment of what might be found due to the plaintiff, on proper accounts being taken.

Mr. K. F. Mody, the Registrar of the High Court, acted as umpire when the matter was referred to arbitration. As the two Parsi arbitrators were unable to agree, the matter was taken up by Mr. Mody himself as umpire.

The investigation of the accounts, which began on 8th September 1911, continued before the umpire till March 1912, when the parties fell out. Mr. Dinshaw Jeejeebhoy, who represented the respondents before the umpire, retired from the reference, saying that a gross breach of faith had been committed by the plaintiff, that the umpire had acted in direct contravention of the order of the Court, and that his client (defendant) was no longer willing to proceed with the reference.

The umpire on this proceeded "ex parte," and in his award, adjudged that the sum of Rs. 7,06.639 was due by the defendant on 25th March 1912, and he awarded that sum to the plaintiff with interest.

In Mr. Justice Davar's judgment, his Lordship held that the arbitrator had committed a grave error of judgment in allowing the plaintiff's solicitors to persuade him to admit the adjustment in evidence before him (arbitrator). That error had very greatly prejudiced the defendant's case and his Lordship was forced to the conclusion that the unpire, in admitting the adjustment in evidence and marking it as an exhibit in the proceedings before the arbitrator, had been guilty of, what in law was called, misconduct.

If no appeal were filed against his Lordship's order, it was directed that the suit might be put down by the Prothonotary on such board as to him might appear most convinient, in order that it might be proceeded with.

The matter came up on appeal before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar. Their Lordships, after hearing both sides, delivered separate judgments. Each held that there had been no "misconduct" on the part of the umpire, and what he had done had been done with honest intentions, and he had rightly admitted the adjustment. The appeal was allowed with costs.

THEATRE PROPRIETOR AND ACTRESSES.

Yesterday, Mr. Dastur appeared before Mr. Justice Macleod in the Bombay High Court, and applied on behalf of the proprietor of the Parsi Ambrosia Natak Company (late Taj Theatrical Company), Mr. Muhammad Hosain bin Ud Jafer, for an injunction against an actress named Golnar, restraining her from disposing of the properties of the theatrical Company, and for the appointment of a receiver.

Mr. Dastur said that the plaintiff was the sole proprietor of the theatrical Company, and had appointed Golnar as the leading actress and manager of the company known as the Taj Theatrical Company. The actress was to receive no salary, but to get one-fourth of the net profits. The theatrical Company went on tour in Gujarat, but having met with loss at Surat, Broach and other places, its name was changed to the Parsi Ambrosia Theatrical Company, in the hope of turning its fortune. However, it continued to lose. The plaintiff was the licensee of the theatre, and he dismissed Golnar while at Nadiad, as he was informed that Golnar had not paid the actors and actresses regularly, and had misappropriated the earnings of the company. The plaintiff had bought all the properties required for the company. Mr. Dastur read out some receipts granted to the plaintiff for money advanced, for the purchases for Rs. 15,000. The defendant, however said, he was the sole proprietor of the theatre was not the servant of the plaintiff, and that all the properties of the Company belonged to her.

The Judge : "Where is the Company now?"

Mr. Dastur : "At Nadiad."

"Where is the defendant?"—"At Nadiad. The plaintiff has come down to Bombay."

"Is the theatre playing still?—"Yes."

Mr. Dastur : "The receiver is only to take an inventory of the goods."

The Judge : "Who do you suggest should be the receiver?"

Mr. Dastur : "Mr. R. D. Sethna."

His Lordship granted an "ad interim" injunction and appointed Mr. Sethna to be the Receiver of the Company.

Mr. Dastur later on, applied before Mr. Justice Beaman for the same plaintiff against another actress of the Company, named Munni, and asked for an injuction restraing her from selling the properties of the company. His Lordship granted the "ad interim" injunction asked for.

PARSI AGIARY MANAGEMENT.

Some time ago, on the 17th December last, before Mr. Justice Macleod, D. C. Bhandoopwalla applied that he should be declared the validly appointed trustee of a family agiary in Khetwadi, that he should be allowed to sell the house, and that a scheme should be formed to manage the agiary.

His Lordship ordered that, in consultation with the advocate-General, a scheme should be formed. Cowasji Maneckji was the founder of the Agiary. After consultation with the advocate-General, Sir Shapurji B. Broacha, Dr. Framji Shapurji Bardi, Dr. Kavasji Edalji Dadachanji, Mr. Bomonji Dhunjibhai Lawanji, Mr. Jehangir Bomanji Cooper, and the plaintiff were selected as trustees.

The Advocate-General said that the gentlemen were very respectable persons, and had acted as trustees of several charitable funds relating to the Parsis of Khetwadi, where the agiary was situated. The Advocate-General suggested that the question of the sale of the house should be left to the new trustees. The house had been valued at Rs.15,000 and an agreement had been entered into for its sale. The house was very dilapidated and must be demolished or thoroughly overhauled.

His Lordship, after hearing Mr. Davar for the plaintiff, D. C. Bhandhoopwalla, ordered that the new trustees should be empowered to sell the house after referring to his Lordship in chambers.

THE BESANT CASE.

The Commission appointed by the Madras High Court in the Besant Case to take evidence in Poona, Bombay and other places, arrived in Bombay from Poona on Monday, and were the guests of the late Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. Narotam Morarji Gokuldas, at "Shantkutir" on Cambala Hill. The Commission examined Messrs. J. J. Vimadalal, J. D. Mahaluxmiwala, and Sitaram G. Raje, and left Bombay for Allahabad last night.

CASE AGAINST G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The case in which Mr. Charles Zobell, the proprietor of the Western Railway Contracts Company, brought a suit before Mr. Justice Macleod in the Bombay High Court to recover Rs.26,967 for work done and for damages from the G. I. P. Railway Company, was dismissed with costs by his Lordship by the consent of both parties.

THE POLICE COURTS.

TREACHER AND CO.'S CASE.

Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, continued the hearing of the case in which Mr. Robert Barlow and certain directors of Messrs. Treacher and Co., charged Mr. S. N. Guzdar, a shareholder of the firm, with defamation.

Mr. Campbell, barrister-at-law, with Mr. Kirke-Smithe, solicitor, appeared for the complainants, and Mr. N. N. Saher, barrister-at-law, with Mr. K. F. Nariman, pleader, defended.

Mr. A. C. Rice, defence witness, was re-examined by Mr. Saher, who thereafter addressed the Court on behalf of the defence. He said that three points were to be considered in the case :—Whether the accused had uttered the remark, that the accounts were false; whether the accounts were false and whether if the accused had stated the accounts were false, in what circumstances he had done so. To support their allegation that the accused had pronounced the accounts to be false, the prosecution had called the evidence of five directors and four shareholders. Taking the evidence of the directors, Mr. Barlow had stated that the accused had said the accounts were false and the directors knew that they were false. This was contradicted by other witnesses and by the documents exhibited in the case. In the report of the meeting, and in Mr. Barlow's memorandum, the statement made by the accused was omitted and no reason was forthcoming as to why such an important statement was omitted. On calling with the history of the meeting, when the accused is alleged to have made the statement, Mr. Saher said that the meeting was one of shareholders, and Mr. Barlow and other directors had been afraid that the report would not be adopted smoothly. Mr. Jilla had abused the directors in vernacular, and Mr. Kola, a respectable person, had said that the accounts were illusory and had been juggled with. Mr. Barlow had not been annoyed with Mr. Kola even though the latter had stated that the directors were trying to deceive them. It was only when Mr. Jilla had risen to speak, that confusion had begun, and that fact was supported by Mr. Latty, and his evidence on memory was challenged. Mr. Saher instanced portions of Mr. Barlow's evidence to show that his memory could not be relied upon, so far as important points were concerned. Counsel did not mean to say that Mr. Barlow had given perjured evidence, but he had improved on his statements, in order to strengthen the charge of libel against the accused.

Taking the evidence of the other directors, Counsel said that, director as Mr. Latty was, he did not know the financial position of the firm, inasmuch as he was not aware whether the firm owned its premises or paid rent for them.

Mr. Warden's evidence could not be relied upon, as his memory could not furnish information as to how many balance-sheets had been signed by him as a director. The same was the case with the evidence of Dr. Sahiar and Mr. Paterson Brown, whose memory had not helped them any more.

Counsel next dealt with the evidence of the shareholders. Mr. Richardson did not remember anything that took place, and his statements were contradictory. He was perjured either but was not gifted with an acute memory and had based his evidence on the information gained from newspaper reports. Like Mr. Richardson, Mr. Cherry, the next witness, did not seem to be in possession of a good memory. The next witness, Dr. Jehangir, was not sure whether the accused had said that "the accounts were false and the directors knew it." And lastly, the brother of the previous witness had deposed that the accused had made the statement. That was the case for the prosecution.

Dealing with the point that the accounts were false, Counsel said that the balance-sheet was erroneous and inaccurate, and the printer's error attributed to it was not at all a printer's error, but a deliberate attempt to mislead. The directors had not made correct entry of the item of interest, which, instead of being included in the balance-sheet, was put in the profit and loss account; and as expert evidence called, had testified to the falsity of the accounts. Counsel also contended the fact that the accounts were false had been known to the directors. Further, the accused had not said that the directors had misappropriated any money belonging to the firm, but what he was even alleged to have said was only with regard to the falsity of the accounts which showed a large profit when the Company was in reality working at a loss. In order to carry on the working of the firm, instead of going into voluntary liquidation, the directors had resorted to a method which misled shareholders, the true state of the Company's financial position being suppressed.

The Court here rose for the day.

A EUROPEAN FINED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Frank Oliveira, Mr. Christopher Samuel White, the chargeman of the G. I. P. Railway workshops at Parel, charged a European workman named George Noons with assault and insult.

Messrs. Crage and Pereira, pleaders, appeared for the complainant, while the accused was undefended.

The evidence showed that the accused was employed as a workman in the G. I. P. Railway workshops at Parel, under the complainant. On the 23rd December the accused inquired as to why the complainant had left the workshop. The accused being a subordinate, it was not his business to enquire why Mr. White had left the workshop. The complainant took the accused to task for his misbehaviour. Whereupon the accused assaulted him, hitting him with his fist on the left eye. The complainant was thrown down.

The defence was that there was a fight between them. The complainant was down on defendant. Many men had resigned on account of him. He pleaded not guilty.

The Magistrate, having recorded the evidence, found the accused guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of Rs. 20 or in default to undergo 10 days' hard labour.

MOTOR PROSECUTION.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal N. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, convicted the manager of the Universal Engineering Co. who was charged by Inspector Sheaby under the Bombay Motor Vehicles Act.

The prosecution evidence was that the accused had lent a car to Mr. Chunil Saraya, manager of the Indian Specie Bank, for his private use. The car was an unregistered one and the accused permitted the general number allotted to his cars to be used on the Carblet. The driver of the car stated that the car had been used by Mr. Saraya for about an year, and on examination of the Company's books by the police no entry of the number was found in them as required by law.

His Worship sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 15.

COCAINE CASES.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Pandit, Excise Inspector, charged Dadoo Sayed and three others with possessing cocaine without a license.

His Worship convicted all the accused and sentenced Dadoo Sayed to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment and the others to pay fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 17.

ROBERT MONEY SCHOOL.

The annual prize distribution of the Robert Money School was held in the school grounds, where a large number of ladies and gentlemen attended. The Lord Bishop, of Bombay presided and Mrs. Palmer, wife of the Bishop gave away the prizes. The pupils of the school went through a programme of music, dialogues, and dumb-bell and Indian club exercises. The Rev. Mr. Lea-Wilson, M. A., the principal of the school, read the annual report. In the report it was stated that the total number on the rolls had passed 300, and for want of room, admission to the lower forms had to be stopped. The school-building was extended on the second floor, but only the three divisions of Form I could be accommodated there. The Bishop addressed the boys. He said he was very pleased with the programme and satisfied with the work the school was doing.

THELMA stands for all that is good in perfume Delightful odor, permanence, and delicacy. No wonder THELMA is so popular. A trial of it will convince you. —MADON, SONS & Co. The Original MADON'S Crawford Market, Bombay.

MORALS AND HISTORY.

III.

(By Pestanji Dobabji Khandalavala.)

"Lift not the painted vail which those who live
"Call Life."

On the 6th of August 1492, twenty-three cardinals opened the conclave in the Sistine Chapel, under the guard of ambassadors and of Roman nobles. They surrounded the Vatican with troops, and the simoniac sale of the tiara began. The competitors were numerous. Each one of them represented some European power or that of the peninsula, and even family rights to the succession of ecclesiastical royalty. Borgia was a Spaniard, and Spain victorious over the last of the Moors, and united with Naples passed in the first rank of Christian nations. For three days the conclave met at a counter of bankers. Borgia gave Sforza silver-loads of mules, his palace and suits of furniture, all his benefices, and the vice-chancery of the Roman Court. To Orsini he promised fiefs, to Colonna and to his family the Abbey of Subiaco, and all his chateaux in perpetuity. To one, the bishopric of Porto ; to another, Nepi ; to a third, Civita-Castellana. Gherardo the Patriarch of Venice—whose shaky head always said yes—was content with 5,000 ducats. The work of the Holy-Ghost became very easy. On the night of the 10th to the 11th August, the name of Borgia came forth from the electoral chalice. At dawn of day, the cross appeared at a window of the conclave, and to the sleeping city was proclaimed the

ELECTION OF ALEXANDER VI.

Then the bell of the Capital sounded in solemn salvos the first hour of the new pontificate. The people rushed to old St. Peter's, the mosaic facing of whose facade glistened merrily in the morning rays. Cardinal Sanseverino, possessed of uncommon strength raised the Pope Alexander in his arms, and put him on the throne. He then blessed the roaring crowd, the city, and the world. The Roman Church was at his feet. The Sacred College adored in him the Vicar of Christ, and the young Cardinal de Medicis, whispered in the ear of Cardinal Cibo : "There we are in the jaws of the wolf : he will devour us all, if we do not find means of escaping him." For Italy and the Church his reign began with evil portents. The equilibrium of Italian tyrannies was at the time rendered most uncertain by the clash of very serious conditions, and of unforeseen accidents; while the person itself of the new pope, his birth, and his family ambitions were, for clear-sighted observers, most ominous. On the very morning of the exultation of Rodrigo Borgia, the second of the Spanish popes, his uncle Calixtus III being the first—as Alexander VI, all the complicated problems of the peace and independence of Italy presented themselves more or less distinctly before the eyes of the Italian cardinals. It was at least certain that, by and by a foreigner alone could tune the Italian lyre ; but what strings would shiver under this disquieting pontificate, there lay the secret of the future. Surely, Alexander's past was not such as to prove reassuring. He was more than sixty-one at the time. He was a jurist, a scholar of the school of Bologna, not over lettered, for whom books, antiquities, the arts, and sciences never had any charm. At twenty he was created by his uncle Calixtus III, archbishop of Valencia, his native country, and cardinal-deacon, then vice chancellor of the Church. He possessed innumerable benefices, and under Sixtus IV was the richest cardinal after D'Estonteville. He lived "en grand" seigneur, like the cardinals Sforza and Riario. He shunned popular curiosity, fondling in the heart of his palace his determined ambition, happy, brooding over his wealth and making his children's fortune. The gentle Pius II had once reproached him paternally for his exc-sses and bachanalian orgies with the dames of Siena. Towards 1467, he had formed connection with

VANOZZA CATANI

[younger than him by eleven years. She was a Roman of obscure birth and had two or three very indulgent husbands to whom Rodrigo gave lucrative posts in the Apostolic administration. Nothing indicates that she was to be compared in intelligence with the great courtesans of the time. She lived discretely in the shadow of the pontificate. But she aged sooner than Borgia, and three years before his election to the holy see, he wanted to taste the joys of a second youth. Giulia Farnese or Giulia la Bella whose golden hair were famous in the whole of Italy, a girl of fifteen by chance a fianced to an Orsini became, from the month of May 1489, the favourite of the future pontiff. Her brother Alexander, who contributed to this brilliant fortune received the red hat later. With him began the political grandeur of Farnese. This young cardinal who under Innocent VIII slanderously accusing his mother had her imprisoned, was afterwards Pope Paul III. However, neither Vanozza nor Giulia could disquiet the Church or Italy. A tyrant of Rome, rocked in the sleep of pleasure, this ecclesiastical prince, tall and robust, always smiling, with black eyes, and marvellous lips, luring dames by his magnetic look, was admired by his contemporaries. But to the chair of St. Peter, he carried in his arms a numerous family ; quite a dynasty entered with him into the pontificate. He was known to have seven children then. Of these Juan, duke of Gandia. Cæsar, Lucretia, and Giuffre have alone formed his political family. Juan who was eighteen at the time lived in Spain, where he was married. His ambition did not draw him to Italy. Much against his will he came to sojourn in Rome, where fratricide awaited him. Cæsar, a youth of sixteen at the university of Pisa, was endowed by his father on the day of his coronation with the Archbishopric of Valencia. A year later he received the red hat. He was thus a future candidate for papacy. Lucretia, who was twelve, and had already been affianced to Cherubino de Centelles, and Gaspar de Procida, saw her hand given to Giovanni Sforza of Pesaro. The marriage took place on the 12th June 1493. Giuffre who was nine, awoke Canon and Archdeacon of Valencia. But the father was for seeing his darling Ben held some good fiefs of the two Sicilies, and in August 1493 he was betrothed to Dona Sancia, natural daughter of Alfonso of Calabria, grand-daughter of King Ferdinand who brought in dowry the principality of Squillace. He threw his cope to the dogs, and innocently represented the political interest of the Borgias on the side of the Aragons, as Lucretia did on the side of the Sforzas. Alexander had thus his hand extended both on Milan, and Naples.

HIS CHILDREN'S MARRIAGES

marked always the orientation of his politics. It seemed that the Church had confided to him the Government of Christianity out for the good of his family. His nephew Juan Borgia was invested immediately with the purple, and all the ecclesiastical Borgias, cousins or nephews, assumed it in turns. For more than two years up to the entry of Charles VIII. of France in Rome, he held in and wavered, and his paternal egoism was ill at ease. At home as abroad, he manœuvred with a certain amount of timidity. Nobody knew exactly what Charles VI

TO THOSE BELOW PAR.

A Statement by a Famous Doctor.

No matter how favourable may be the climatic conditions at a given season, there are, unfortunately, always large numbers of people who feel out of sorts, depressed and languid.

Such sensations are invariably due to a lack of body-building food and phosphorus. Doctors constantly emphasise this, and that distinguished practitioner, Dr. Claude L. Wheeler, has written: "Either to keep the nervous system of the healthy individual up to the mark, or to raise it to necessary efficiency when attacked, not only protein (the body-building food) but phosphorus must be forthcoming in ample quantities."

When suffering from the sensations mentioned, everyone knows he requires a tonic. What this tonic should be, Dr. Wheeler clearly lays down. "A combination of pure protein with that form of phosphorus which normally exists in the body and nerves is exactly what is needed in such cases. Reasoning thus, Science has produced the combination demanded. It is known all over the civilised globe as Sanatogen."

Some sixteen thousand doctors have written of the remarkable results they have obtained with Sanatogen, which is used by some of the most distinguished men living.

His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay writes: "I use Sanatogen every now and then under my doctor's advice, and always derive great benefit from it."

Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., the distinguished author, writes: "I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true tonic food, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy, and giving fresh vigour to the overworked body and mind."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 28.

Simla, Jan. 28
The weather has been dry everywhere.
Forecast:—No large change.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 28th January 1913 giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab:—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature has risen and is now higher than usual except at Delhi and Simla: the minimum continues in defect in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Night temperature remains low.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has risen; maximum temperature is now in excess at Karachi but the minimum is still in defect at Bikaner.

Gujarat Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess at Surat and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Night temperature is lower than usual at Bhuj and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the north Hyderabad and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is lower than usual at Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Weather has been rainless. Skies remain lightly to moderately clouded in Gujarat Kathiawar and the central parts of the country. Temperature continues to rise.

Dry weather is likely generally.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and induced to 32F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 28th January, 1913, was 30·066 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 6 feet at 1 a. m. (local time.) The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be 14 inchs and this will be higher or lower by 0.1 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction required. Should the height of the barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge be different from 37 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL B. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 28th Jan. 1913.

97. Proficiency Class.—A Proficiency Class will be held on Tuesday the 30th instant at 7 p. m. at Headquarters, Council Road.

98. Camp of Instruction.—The Annual Camp of Instruction will take place at Santa Cruz from the 1st to 8th February 1913.

Conveyance.—On Saturday the 1st February, Special commodation has been arranged for the conveyance of Volunteers to Santa Cruz by the train leaving Colaba at 4-10 p.m. Fares will be paid for those Volunteers joining the train at Colaba, Church Gate Marine Lines, Charni Road, Grant Road and Mahalaxmi Stations.

Volunteers travelling from any other Stations will pay their own fares which will be refunded.

The Railway authorities have made arrangements to reserve accommodation by the trains leaving at the following timings daily (from 3rd to 8th February.)

From Santa Cruz 9-19 and 9-26 a.m.

From Colaba 4-10 p.m.

From Colaba to Santa Cruz Reserved carriages will be in front, and from Santa Cruz to Colaba in the rear of trains.

Railway Tickets.—Railway tickets will be issued to members at the Orderly Room immediately after parade, and Volunteers must on no account travel except by the trains notified in Regimental Orders or without tickets.

Bedding.—All members sleeping in Camp must provide themselves with blankets and rugs.

Clothing.—No clothing of any description will be taken into Camp for issue. All ranks are requested to make up any deficiency before the 30th instant.

Adjutant's Office.—The Adjutant's Office will close in Bombay on the 31st instant and open in Camp on the 1st February.

Programme of Camp work can be obtained from Officers Commanding Cos. or on application at Head-Quarters.

99. Church Parades.—It is notified for information that the parade services for the Corps in Camp on Sunday the 2nd February will be as under:—

Roman Catholic 9 a.m.
Church of England 11 a.m.

Dress.—Drill Order, Uniform Side arms only.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain,
Offg. Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE A. HILL TREVOR COMMANDING.

Bombay 28th January, 1913.

30. Parades.—Monday 23rd instant. No 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Mahaluxmi at 2 p. m. to carry out Instructional practice of one Series of B.L.C. 6-inch per company.

Members are requested to use their utmost endeavours to attend this parades.

Dress.—Khaki with Helmets.

29. Parades.—Saturday 1st February 1913, Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Mahaluxmi Battery at 5-15 p.m. for 6-inch B.L.C. and 10-inch H.P. Gun Drill.

Train leaves Colaba at 4-30 p. m. and Church Gate at 4-55 p. m.

Cyclists go direct to the Battery.

Dress.—Khaki with Helmets.

B.E. Company.—The first series of all night manning will take place from Monday the 27th January to Saturday the 1st of February inclusive.

All members should endeavour to attend these parades.

Parade at Apollo Bunder at 7 p. m. each evening.

(Sd.) F. W WILSON, 2nd Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

English literature has had so long and brilliant a history that it is hopeless for an ordinary man to make minute acquaintance with all its masterpieces, and one wishes that some British house would follow the example of the French publisher who is issuing a "Biblio-theque Francaise." This series is made up of abridgments of the chief works of the last four centuries; each extracts accompanied by a rapid analysis and related to the life of its writer, while the life of the time when it was written is briefly evoked. Moreover, the volumes complement each other, and thus give a simultaneous idea of the man, the literary epoch, and the masterpieces themselves.

Last week we had something to say of the imitators of Sir Walter Scott; to-day it is the turn of one of his detractors—one who used the form of fiction as the vehicle of her detraction. Who Mrs. Green was is no matter, but in 1822 she wrote "who is the Bridegroom?" in 1823 "Gretna Green Marriages," and in 1825 "Parents and Wives." It is her work of 1824 that concerns us here, "Scotch Novel Reading." This, with its plot, its dialogue, its love interest, and its happy ending, all in the orthodox form of three volumes, is a work of fiction; nevertheless it is also, in fact and intention, a series of attacks, frontal and flanking, upon Scott and his followers, and has something in it of the spirit of a malignant pamphlet. It is true that from time to time the authoress partly dissociates herself from the opinions she puts upon the lips of her characters but one can clearly discern upon her part a perfectly honest and quite intelligible inability to appreciate that form of fiction which we speak of as the historic romance. "Write novels, good fabricators of fiction, or write history, as you please, but let your volumes contain one thing or the other."

When her attack is frontal she simply pushes a little further the adverse criticisms of her day. She recents scott's mercenary motive: his extreme fertility leads to careless scribbling, and is often mere bookmaking: he is "lost" when he is out of Scotland, and whatever novelty there was in "Waverley" and "The Tales of my Landlord" soon died away, so that the later works are characterised by a deadly "sameness in style, situation, and manner, but particularly in language." Talking of individual novels, "Quentin Durward" she pronounces "an old French story, raked up an manufactured into a romance; King James in "The Fortunes of Nigel," seeing he was "really a learned man," should not have been represented as "speaking a dialect like a Scotch mountaineer," while she must have read Sydney Smith's criticism on the The Pirate, for she finds in Triptolemus Dominie Samson over again, in Norna a reincarnation of Meg Merriles, and in one of the daughters of Magnus Troil, I forget which another Anyot Lyle. All those opinions, with the necessary added measure of animus, are concentrated in the hero, who declares that he would as soon stand in the pillory and much sooner be nailed to an old dowager's card-table for five hours' as suffer the martyrdom of being compelled to read through three volumes of the works of that perseveringly quick novel writer.

Now the problem of the book is, how to marry a hero holding such views to such a heroine as Alice Fennel, an infatuated admirer of Scott and an impersonator of his characters. That there were such impersonators in real life there can be no doubt. It was an imitative age. Young men studied the sceptical curl of Byron's lip in the glass went, like him, without neckcloths, and wore upon their countenances, visible to all beholders, every sign of gloomy misanthropy and blighted hearts. Scott had his share of flattery of this sort. The Duchess de Berry, when at Holyrood, influenced partly by her surroundings and partly by the Waverley Novels, conceived herself a second Mary Queen of Scots, while, in La Vendee, she gave to her comrades names taken from the Scottish romances. Indeed, that madcap expedition was so much and so consciously informed by the Waverley Novels that Chateaubriand affirmed that Scott was to blame for it and ought accordingly to suffer execution.

None can have gone quite so far as Alice Fennel, however. Her name suggested to her Fenella of "Peveril of the Peak," and, although of an Amazonian build, she acts the "elfin page" and skips before her father and his guest, in to dinner. She affects broad Scots, and when her father remonstrates with her for naming her maid, who is simple Jenny Arrowsmith, Jeanie Deans, she says: "Why should ye fash yourself so, feythr; ken ye nae that Deans is shorter than Orrowsmythe? And I was ainly aboot to tell ye that it were beest ye ganged into the deening parlour, for the haggis will be there directly." Moreover, being a woman, she, of coarse, dresses for her parts. When we see her first her "costs" are duly "skilit" and she wears a "handsome Highland cap overshadowed with large black plumes, like those worn by the officers of the gallant Forty-second Regiment." This Black Watch busby is later superseded by the plumes of Ludovic Leslie, and Alice searches in vain the London silversmiths for a "Virgin Mary in silver" to make a brooch of to complete the costume. She has a good taste in dress, however, and, imitating Anyot Lyle, she wears at times a dress of tartan silk and interweaves her hair "with almost every kind of Scotch heath in flower." Again, she wears white muslin, embroidered with Scotch thistles, a broad sash of plaid ribbon and a tartan scarf, while she suspends a St. Andrew's cross to a gold chain and places a bouquet of mountain heath in her bosom. Her make-up as Norna is her masterpiece, however, and thus arrayed she makes conquests by dancing nothing but reels and strathspeys at a ball.

The story of her disillusion might have been more carefully wrought out. Alice gets a shock when she meets a "real" Scottish lady of the old school. She goes to visit the wife of a Scottish baronet in her London lodging, and this is what she sees:—"Over a large basin of thick oatmeal porridge, without any covering on the table but the dirty green baize, ornamented with several drops of tallow from the candles of the preceding night, and which piece of baize had served many a succession of lodgers, sat the Northern dame, her face unwashed, her hands begrimed with dirt, and her uppor lip plentifully besprinkled with snuff; her large plaid cloak her only covering except an under petticoat that had once been red but now changed purple in many places, her legs and feet bare, they none and of the cleanest." This is sanglant with a vengeance! Alice, however, swiftly recovers, and in course of time resolves that she will wed none but a "Scottish hero." With odd promptitude the hero appears. He is a savage, with red hair. He has one arm; one boot is huge and clumsy because he has lost certain toes and bandages require room. A green patch conceals the loss of an eye; a black one indicates where in one of his "ninety regular fought battles" a portion of his nose has been shot away, while a similar loss in the chin is covered by a "thin plate of tin or silver, over which hung a black silk curtain." Beneath the exterior of this phantom Alice comes to perceive a "noble heart"; he succeeds in persuading her of the "dangers of eathusiasm," and as, by one of the monstrous improbabilities of the book, he turns out to be the hero in disguise, the battle is half won, and we are brought within sound of wedding bells.

INDIAN TRADE WITH GERMANY.

It is only recently that a spurt in the trade relations of India and Hamburg became marked, but since then the improvement has been very rapid, especially during the past two or three years, the yearly value of Hamburg's imports being now in the region of £20,000,000 sterling, while the value of exports to this country is about one-fourth of that sum. Hamburg has a weakness for raw materials and her principal wants from us are jute, rice, shellac, hides, cocoanuts, spices of sorts rape seed and its oil, copra and also tea. In return says the Pioneer she sends us beer (of course), aniline dyes, bar iron, roiled metal plater, brass and yellow metal, hosiery, cotton goods, paper, iron ware and toys. There was a time, not so very far distant, when Germany and the rest of the Continent were innocent of jute spinning and weaving, and the orders for bags and cloth came only to India or Dundee. But the astute Continentals (small blame to them) saw that there was money in the jute fabrics trade, so they erected mills on their own account and started in competition with India mills. A paternal Government came to their aid and imposed a heavy duty on all imported jute fabrics, admitting, of course, raw jute free. The results, no doubt, so far have not been very serious for either Scotland or India. None the less it is always as well to keep a watchful eye on ontside competitors especially when they happen to be as "pushful" as the Germans invariably are.

WONDERFUL NEW MEDICINE SUPPLIED TO ROYALTY

Amazing Success of Powerful Remedy for Ailments and Weaknesses Common in India

QUICKLY RENEWS VIGOUR AND VITALITY, AND RESTORES THE POWERS OF SUPERB MANHOOD & GLORIOUS WOMANHOOD

THOUSANDS of readers will be glad to learn that a wonderful medical discovery has been made which quickly renews vigour and vitality, overcomes the ailments and weaknesses so common in India, and restores the full powers of superb manhood and glorious womanhood.

This new remedy (called Osogen) is a combination of Sequard serum and the Glycerophosphates so often prescribed by Sir William Broadbent, K.C.V.O., M.D., F.R.S., Physician to his late Majesty King Edward VII.

Already Osogen is supplied to Royalty, and famous physicians, startled by its amazing powers, are prescribing it to such an extent that it has practically created a medical revolution.

FAMOUS DOCTORS' OPINIONS.

One of the most famous of the world's medical analysts, Dr. G. M. Board, A.M., M.D., says of this combination:—

"By thus combining the two elements (serum and glycerophosphates) there is produced a therapeutical agent far superior to any one of the constituents when used alone."

Another eminent authority, Professor Augustus Caille, M.D. (consultant to four leading German Hospitals), says of the vegetable part of Osogen:—

"The glycerophosphates are the best modern remedy for nervous fatigue."

A host of well-known doctors tested Osogen and its separate elements with results that show it to be a remarkable new force with which to combat disease. They found Osogen to be effective in *Anæmia, Influenza, Neurasthenia and Nervous Disorders, including Nervous Dyspepsia, Kidney Disorder, Sciatica, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxy, Debility, Malaria, and Dengue Fever.*

With astonished quickness Osogen banishes such troubles as

Lassitude	Weak Memory
Brain Fag	Dizziness
Insomnia	Nervous Timidity
Lost Vitality	"Run-down Feeling"

Thus it will be seen that Osogen is just the remedy for which India has long had need. Not a mere drug this, but a revitalizer of nerves and brain which should be used daily wherever the climate or other conditions are enervating.

Both men and women find it a marvellous rejuvenator and restorative of the fresh appearance of youth.

Osogen comes as a boon

FOR THE AGED OR PREMATURELY AGED FROM OVERWORK, &c.

Osogen is of estimable value to the aged, or the prematurely aged and weak from overwork or illness. Those easily fatigued can undergo the most strenuous exertion with ease if a small quantity is taken before commencing work. When tired or worn out, a few drops quickly cause a return of energy and revival of spirits. So well is its efficacy now recognised that medical men prescribe Osogen as the new "tonic without reaction" for whilst it feeds the nerve centres (especially of Spinal Nerves) and makes you strong almost at once, no reaction ever follows its use as is the case with drug tonics.

DON'T STAY WEAK!

There is no need for any man or woman to stay weak. Osogen will give you strength and vigour, a flawless digestive system, rich blood and a reserve fund of vitality sufficient to meet all demands.

By the laws of nature you should be strong, active and healthy until you are eighty. If you are weak, nervous and debilitated let Osogen give you new nerve and vital power. Obtain a bottle of your chemist or store. Take a few drops daily and watch results.

Quickly you will feel its effect. A sensation of strength will take the place of that "tired feeling." Depression will vanish, and self-confidence will be restored. You will again possess the health and powers that mark a manly man or fascinating woman.

LEADING CHEMISTS SUPPLY OSOGEN.

Leading Chemists have undertaken the distribution of Osogen in India. The price in Great Britain is 2/9 per bottle, or about five times the 2/9 size 11/-. Among the Chemists who have specially undertaken to supply Osogen are: Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta; Scott, Thompson & Co., Calcutta; Bathgate & Co., Calcutta; Butto, Kristo, Paul & Co., Calcutta; W. E. Smith & Co., Madras; Kemp & Co., Ltd., Bombay; Treacher & Co., Bombay; De Souza & Co., Rangoon.

Try at least one bottle. Obtain it of your chemist to-day.

"Osogen" THE NEW ROYAL TONIC PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS OF REGISTRATION

— WILL MAKE YOU — STRONG AND VIGOROUS

Proprietors: THE OSOGEN CO.,
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TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

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(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, *Valence* (Drôme-France).
STRACHAN & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay.*
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Let us know and we will send you a few ideas as to how you can best invest it with

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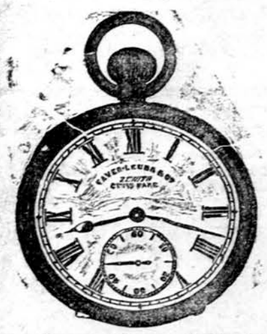

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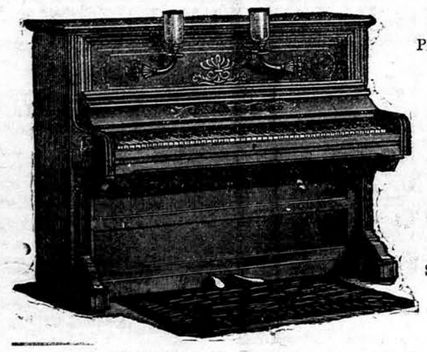

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